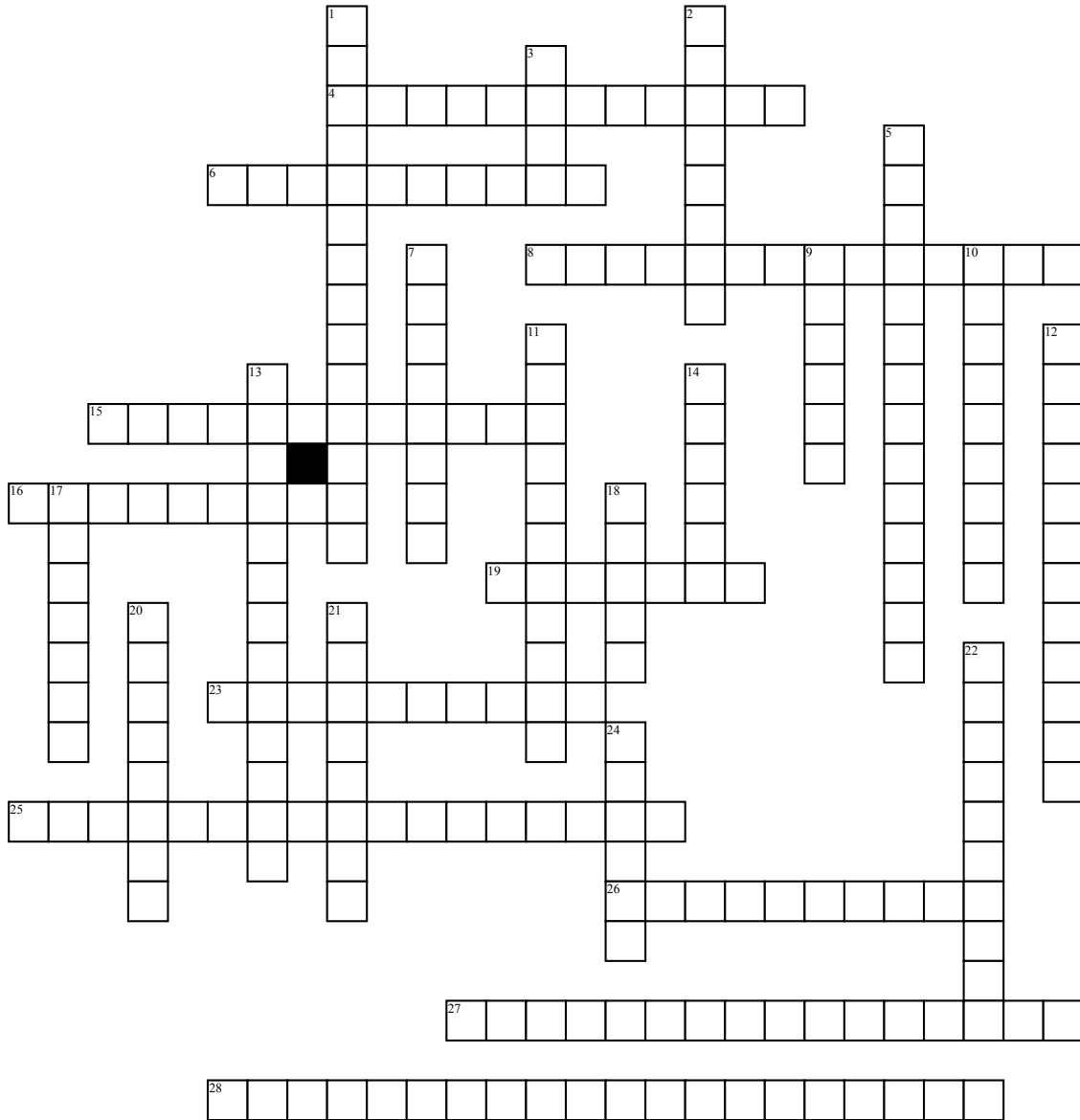


New Republic Vocabulary



Across

- 4. Let alone
- 6. The state of not supporting or helping either side in a conflict
- 8. Review by the US Supreme Court of the constitutional validity of a legislative act
- 15. The total amount of money that a country's government has borrowed, by various means.
- 16. An earlier event or action that is regarded as an example or guide to be considered in subsequent similar circumstances
- 19. A body of advisers to the president, composed of the heads of the executive departments of the government:
- 23. To settle a dispute by mutual concession
- 25. A list of the values and actions which are supported by a political party or individual candidate for the ultimate purpose of garnering the general public's support and votes about complicated topics or issues
- 26. A member or supporter of the Federalist Party
- 27. Not in accordance with a political constitution, especially the US Constitution, or with procedural rules.

- 28. The power to hear a case for the first time

Down

- 1. An organized group of individuals with similar political opinions and goals
- 2. A series of laws that sought to restrict the public activities of political radicals who sympathized with the French Revolution and criticized Adams's Federalist policies.
- 3. Something, typically money, that is owed or due
- 5. An area of public policy which concerns laws, government programs, and administrative decisions which are directly related to all issues and activity within a nation's borders
- 7. To construct or base according to a particular principle or grounds
- 9. Something (such as rules or honorabilities) passed by a predecessor or from the past
- 10. To explain the meaning of
- 11. Patriotic feeling, principles, or efforts
- 12. To force (someone) to serve in an army or navy

- 13. A government's strategy in dealing with other nations
- 14. A tax levied on certain goods and commodities produced or sold within a country and on licenses granted for certain activities
- 17. A state's annual income from which public expenses are met
- 18. A group or class of people seen as having the greatest power and influence within a society
- 20. A person who advocates a redistribution of landed property, especially as part of a social movement.
- 21. A state in which supreme power is held by the people and their elected representatives, and which has an elected or nominated president rather than a monarch
- 22. The action of solving a problem, dispute, or contentious matter
- 24. A tax or duty to be paid on a particular class of imports or exports