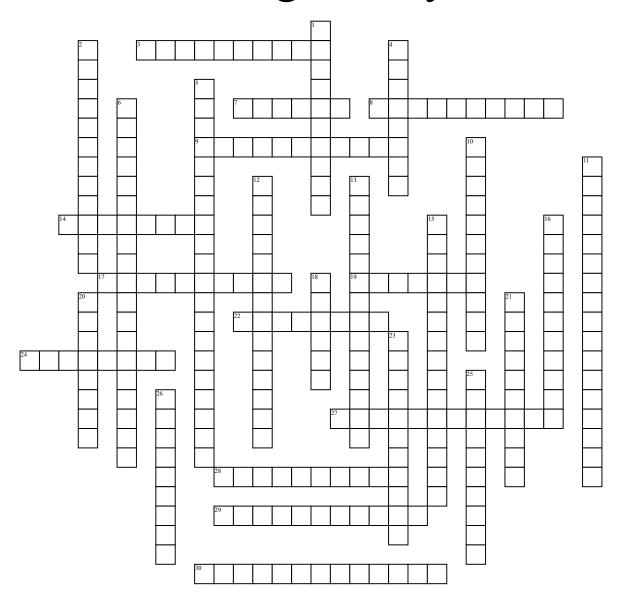
Name:	Date:	

Nine Largest Phylum



Across

- 3. Central cavity of the blastula
- 7. Fertilized egg all animals form from
- **8.** Animals with a coelom
- **9.** Larva of Mollusks
- **14.** Cup-shaped structure with two germ layers
- 17. Larva of Echinoderms
- **19.** Larva of Cnidarians
- **22.** Arrangement of body parts around a central plane or axis
- **24.** Inner germ layer
- **27.** All animals are
- **28.** Animals that do not have a body cavity but have solid bodies
- **29.** Found in arthropods cover the outside of the body but limits size.
- **30.** Anus forms first

<u>Dowr</u>

- **1.** Opening in the gastrula formed when blastula folds inward
- **2.** Do not have backbone
- **4.** Germ layer in the middle
- **5.** Cnidarians have one body opening into a large cavity called
- **6.** Consists of a fluid filled body cavity surrounded by muscles
- **10.** Have a backbone or spine
- 11. Occurs when animals can be divided into equal halves along a single plane
- 12. Occurs when similar body parts are arranged around a central point like spokes on a wheel
- **13.** Animals that produce both sperm and eggs
- **15.** Body cavity only partially lined with mesoderm

- 16. Mouth forms first
- **18.** Internal body cavity lined with mesoderm
- **20.** Outer germ layer
- **21.** Have external exoskeleton that prevents water loss
- **23.** Deep cavity of the gastrula that forms the primitive gut
- 25. Sponges have specialized
- **26.** Occurs when the body can't be divided into similar sections