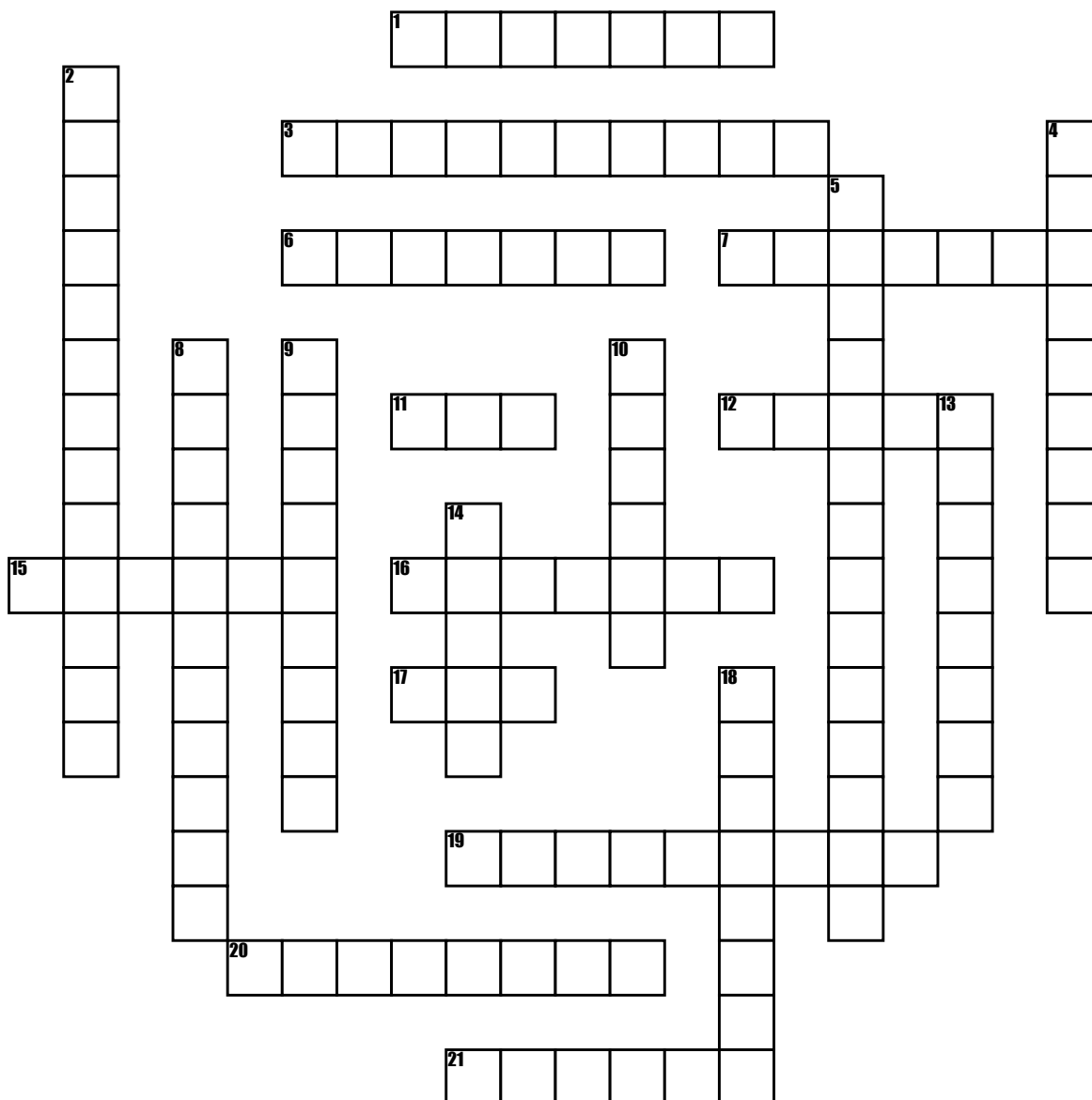


Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

Nutrition and Feeding of Sheep Crossword Introduction to Livestock & Companion Animals



Across

1. Sheep do best on quality _____ and hay.

3. A mineral deficiency that may be experienced by range sheep is a _____ deficiency.

6. _____ is considered one of four sources of protein for sheep.

7. Corn, oats, wheat, etc. may be added to the feed ration during times of _____, overgrazing, or snow-covered pastures.

11. Sheep obtain water not only from obvious sources, but also from feed, _____, and snow.

12. When feeding on luchs, green pasture, sheep may go for _____ without drinking water.

15. The average sheep needs one _____ of water per day.

16. Sheep need high levels of _____ because they produce wool, which is made up of this.

17. Sheep, like other animals, require _____ basic nutrients.

19. Nearly 100% of a sheep's diet is made up of _____.

20. Sheep have a _____ digestive system that allows for the use of pasture and hay.

21. Success in the sheep enterprise can be measured by the percentage of lambs raised and the _____ of lamb marketed.

Down

2. Energy, which comes from _____ and fats is provided chiefly by pasture, hay, and silage.

4. _____ is an example of a macromineral that sheep require.

5. _____ concentrate is often used with lambs being raised for show.

8. Sheep may also be given _____ with protein, minerals, and vitamins as part of their diet.

9. Good drinking water is _____.

10. In terms of feeding, goats tend to thrive in more _____ terrains than sheep.

13. _____ is an example of a micromineral that sheep require.

14. Sheep are not fed _____ except just before and immediately following lambing.

18. All of the fat-soluble _____ A, D, E, and K are required by sheep.