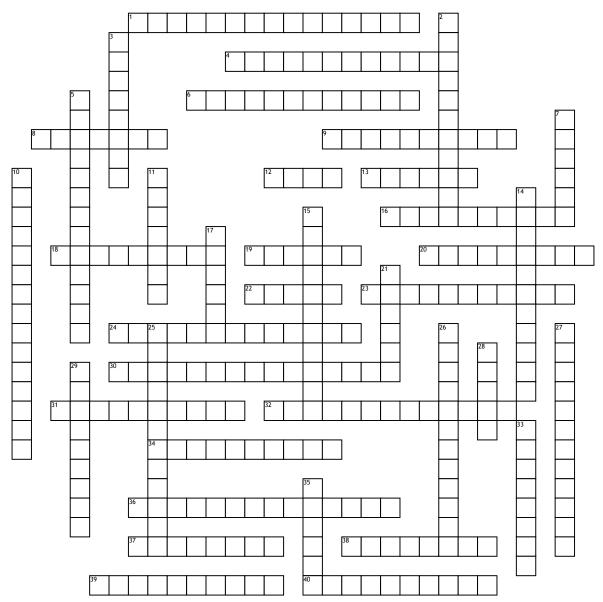
Name:	Date:
-------	-------

Obstetric, Perinatal and Congenital Condition



Across

- 1. Condition of low or missing amniotic fluid
- 4. A woman who has never been pregnant
- 6. Pregnant for the first time
- 8. Outer sac around fetus
- $\boldsymbol{9.}$ Condition of mother's inability to produce \mbox{milk}
- 12. Common rash of late pregnancy
- 13. First 2 weeks of the fertilized egg
- 16. Cutting of the vulva
- **18.** Serious form of hypertension secondary to pregnancy
- 19. 3-8 weeks, the fertilized egg is called an
- 20. Fraternal twins are
- **22.** The end of pregnancy, the fertilized egg is called a
- 23. Condition more than 5 fingers
- 24. Condition of deficient milk production
- 30. Cancer of the chorionic membrane

- **31.** Time immediately after/following childbirth
- 32. Surgical puncture of the amnion
- 34. Hollow outer shell of blastocyst is called
- 36. Excessive amniotic fluid
- **37.** Suturing the cervix closed to prevent spontaneous abortion
- **38.** Highly vascular structure that acts as a physical communication between the mother and the embryo
- **39.** The fertilized egg that is implanted in the uterine wall
- **40.** The umbilical cord around the neonates neck

Down

- 2. Inflammation of the placenta
- 3. Delivery through a surgical abdominal incision
- 5. A medication to terminate a pregnancy

- **7.** Number of times the mother has delivered a child
- **10.** The Infection of the female reproductive system after delivery
- 11. Abnormal twisting of feet
- 14. Identical twins are
- 15. The act of giving birth
- 17. An opening in a woman's body that goes back to her uterus
- **21.** A solid ball of cells resulting from division of a fertilized ovum
- 25. Nourishes the growing zygote
- 26. Softening of the cervix
- 27. When pregnant 2 or more times
- 28. The male organ of copulation
- 29. Discharge of ova or ovules from the ovary.
- **33.** Helps with increasing the size of lining of the uterus & the number of blood vessels
- 35. Inner sac around fetus