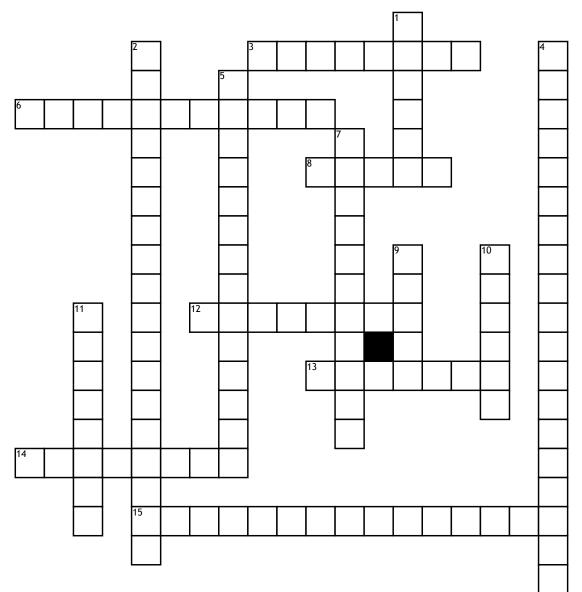
Ophthalmology Terminology



<u>Across</u>

3. Opacity or cloudiness of the crystalline lens.
6. Thinning and cone-shaped protrusion of the central cornea.

8. Type of ultrasound that is used for differentiating normal and abnormal eye tissue or for measuring length of eyeball.
12. Eyeglasses that are used for near and distance corrections.

 13. Characterized by discharge, grittiness, redness and swelling; contagious.
 14. Particles that float in the vitreous.

15. Physician specializing in diagnosis and treatment of problems related to eye diseases.

<u>Down</u>

 Small central area of the retina surrounding the fovea.
 Removal of a cloudy lens from the eye. 4. Retinal changes caused by long standing diabetes mellitus.
 5. Inflammation of the conjunctiva.

7. Optical defect that prevents formation of a sharp image focus on the retina.
9. Type of refractive surgery that reshapes the cornea to correct for astigmatism, myopia, and hyperopia.
10. Transparent front part of the eye that covers the iris, pupil and anterior chamber.
11. Disease characterized by increased intraocular pressure.