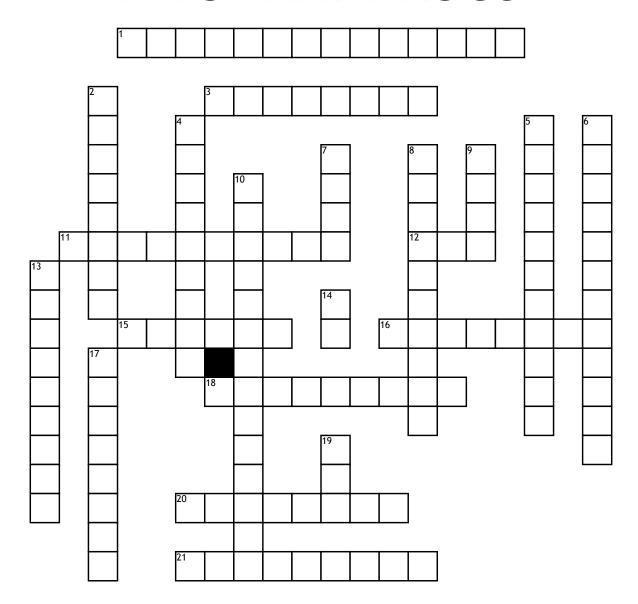
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## PITUITARY DRUGS



## **Across**

- 1. Augment or antagonize the effects of the pituitary hormones
- 3. Patients may have these changes affecting their body image as a possible adverse effect
- 11. Alleviates symptoms of carcinoid tumors; used for acromegaly, small bowel fistula
- **12.** Hormone that increases water resorption in distal tubules, concentrates urine, & reduces water excretion
- 15. Hormone that promotes growth by stimulating anabolic tissue building process, sodium, potassium, & phosphorus retention
- **16.** Medicine that promotes renal retention of sodium, can result in edema and hypertension

- 18. Stimulates breast growth in females
- 20. Common GI effects of Octreotide is
- **21.** Works with the CNS to govern all bodily functions

## Down

- **2.** Stimulates ejection of milk and contraction of uterine smooth muscle
- 4. Secretes ADH, oxytocin
- **5.** Used to control polydipsia, polyuria, & dehydration in diabetic patients, stops bleeding with esophageal varices
- **6.** Secretes hormones from anterior pituitary gland to control bodily functions
- 7. Children with endocrine disorders may have an increased risk of \_\_\_\_ problems

- **8.** Growth hormone used to treat growth failure, also used for wasting/cachectic HIV patients
- **9.** Targets adrenal gland, mediates adaptation to physical/emotional stress & starvation
- **10.** Made up of 2 distinct lobes: anterior and posterior
- **13.** Common Cardiovascular adverse effects of Vasopressin & Desmopressin are \_\_\_\_\_\_ blood pressure
- 14. Hormone that stimulates ovulation & estrogen release by ovaries in females 17. This lobe secretes TSH, GH, ACTH, prolactin, FSH, & luteinizing hormone 19. Increases the production &
- secretion of thyroid hormones