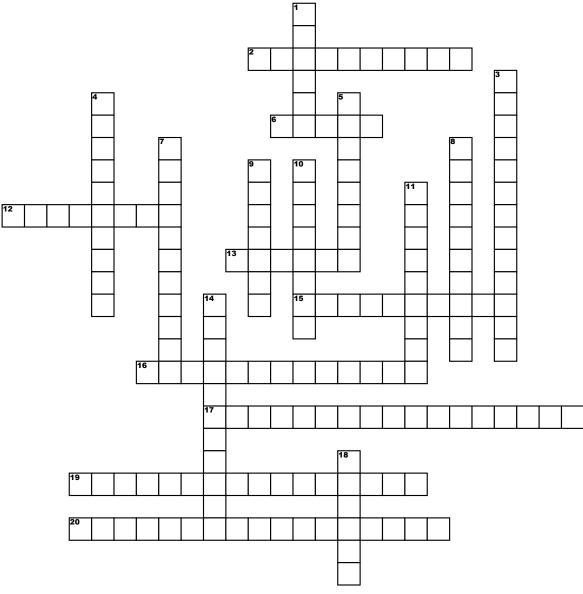
Name:	Date:	Period:
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PLATE TECKTONICS



Across

2. A MAJOR AREA IN THE BASIN OF THE PACIFIC OCEAN WHERE A LARGE NUMBER OF EARTHQUAKES AND VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS OCCUR

- 6. FERROMAGNESIAN MINERALS
- 12. THE THINNEST LAYER OF THE EARTH
- **13.** A LOSS SLEEVELESS
- 15. THE SIDEWAYS AND DOWNWARD MOVEMENT OF THE EARTH
- 16. UPPER LAYER OF THE EARTH
- 17. A PROCESS THAT OCCURS AT MID OCEAN RIDGES WHERE NEW OCEANIC CRUST IS FORMED THROUGH VOLCANIC ACTIVITY AND THEN GRADUALLY MOVE AWAY FROM THE RIDGE

- 19. A GRADUAL MOVEMENT OF CONTINENT
- 20. A LINEAR FEATURE THAT EXISTS BETWEEN TWO TECTONIC PLATES THAT ARE MOVING AWAY FROM EACH OTHER

Down

- 1. A SUPER CONTINENT THAT EXISTED DURING THE LATE PALEOZOIC AND EARLY MESOZOIC FRAS
- 3. HE PROPOSED THE THEORY OF CONTINENTAL DRIFT
- **4. COMING CLOSER TOGETHER**
- 5. A LINEAR OF FISSURES ALONG THE FLANK OF A VOLCANO, FROM WHICH LAVA ERUPTS
- 7. A RESULT FROM THE BUILD UP OF STRESS AT A PLATE BOUNDARY

- 8. MOVEMENT OF GROUPS OF MOLECULES WITHIN FLUIDS SUCH AS LIQUIDS OR GASES
- 9. A RUPTURE IN THE CRUST OF A PLANETARY-MASS OBJECT SUCH AS EARTH THAT ALLOWS HOT LAVA
- 10. THE EQUILIBRIUM THAT EXIST BETWEEN PART
- 11. THE HOTTEST LAYER OF THE EARTH
- 14. THE RIGID OUTER PART OF THE EARTH
- 18. A LONG NARROW DITCH