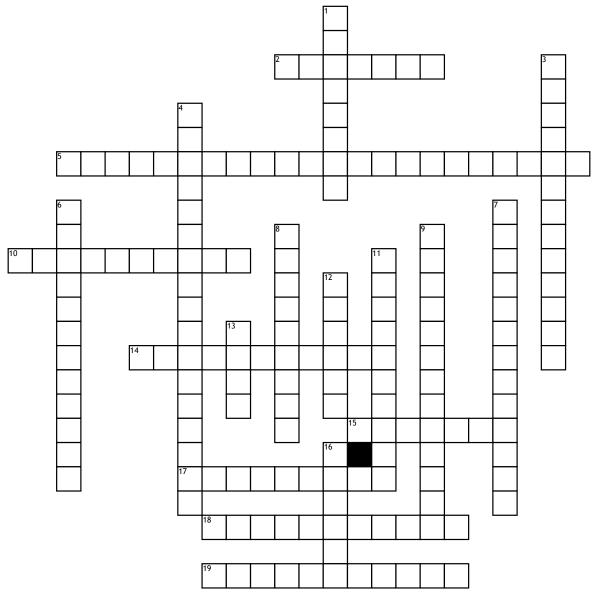
Particle Theory Of Matter



Across

- **2.** A substance ordinarily a liquid which other materials dissolve to form a solution.
- **5.** matter consists of many small particles which are constantly moving or in a continual state of motion.
- **10.** When heat or electricity is directly transmitted through a substance.
- **14.** the intensity of heat present in a substance or object and shown by a thermometer or perceived by touch.
- **15.** When a substance is made by mixing other substances together.
- **17.** energy that comes from a source and travels through space and may break materials.

- **18.** a solution capable of absorbing or dissolving more of a solute
- **19.** the same or a similar kinds or nature.

<u>Down</u>

- 1. a liquid mixture which the minor component is distributed with the major component
- **3.** the amount of a component in a given area or volume.
- **4.** a mixture whose components are separable by mechanical means or from a chemical compound. Solution
- **6.** contained or existing or happening together in a small or narrow space or area.

- **7.** dissimilar or diverse ingredients or constituents.
- **8.** a solution that is unable to absorb or dissolve any more of a solute.
- **9.** a form of matter that has a constant properties that are constant throughout the sample.
- 11. movement in a fluid when hot causes dense material to rise, and colder denser material to sink which results in transfer of heat.
- **12.** the minor component in a solution that dissolves in the solvent.
- **13.** he form of energy that's transferred between systems or objects with different temperatures.
- **16.** to make a solution thinner or more liquid by admixture.