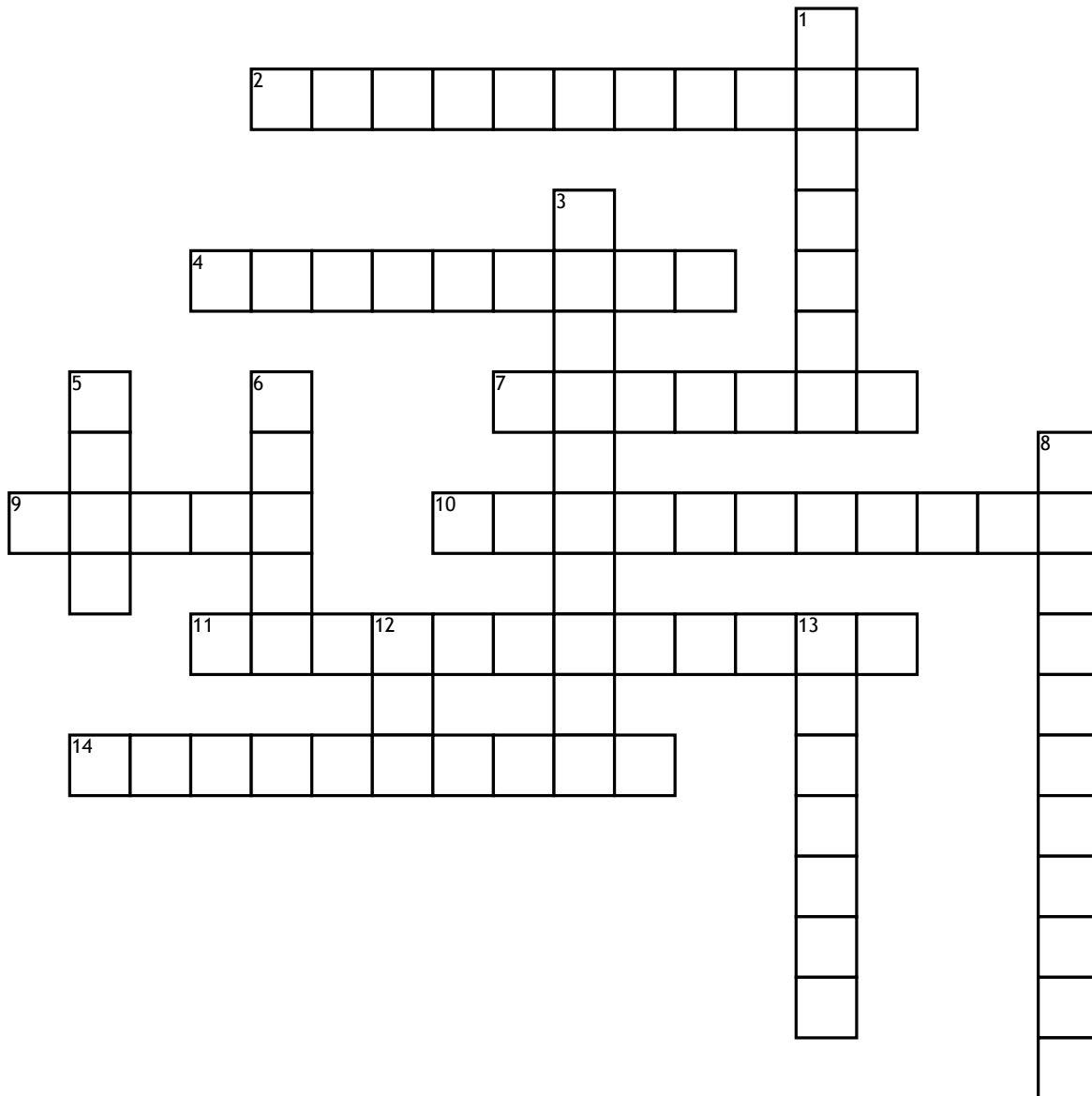


Pediatric Metabolic Disturbances



Across

2. People with severe hypoglycemia may appear as if they are _____.
4. Insulin is a hormone that is made by the _____.
7. _____ provides energy to the demanding cells of the brain, muscle and nervous system.
9. Glucose comes from two sources: Food and the _____.
10. The total number of fat cells an individual will have their entire life does not change after _____.

11. Diabetic

_____ is a life threatening condition caused by dangerously high blood sugar levels.

14. Being _____ is the primary risk factor for developing type 2 diabetes.

Down

1. With type 2 diabetes, the body either _____ the effects of insulin, or does not produce enough insulin to maintain a normal glucose level.

3. High ketone levels in the body may cause the patient's breath to smell like _____.

5. Acanthosis Nigricans- is the medical term for the patches of darkened _____ in the folds of the body that may be a sign of insulin resistance.

6. Diabetes can cause _____ damage and poor circulation in the feet, that may lead to amputation.

8. _____ is the medical term for the kidney damage that can occur from type 2 diabetes

12. Type _____ diabetes is a condition where the pancreas produces little or no insulin.

13. _____ is the key to glucose delivery to the cells.