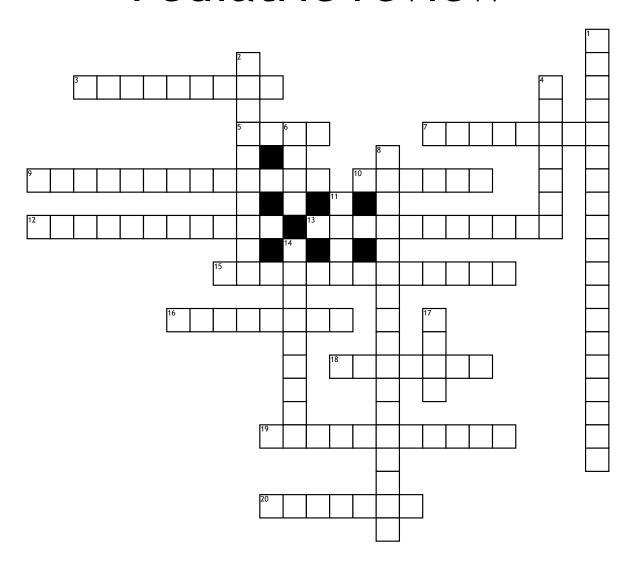
Name:	Date:
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Pediatric review



Across

- **3.** RSV stands for respiratory _____virus.
- **5.** Coarctation of the Aorta causes the _____ ventricle to generate a high systolic pressure
- 7. A short acting, intravenously administered hypnotic/amnestic agent9. Ventricular shunts are used to help
- 10. One of the most common causes of dealth in children worldwide is _____.
- **12.** A classic sign of septic shock in children presenting to the hospital is
- 13. An obstructive defect of the heart involving localized narrowing of the Aorta

- **15.** The most critical condition that may result from DKA (2 words no spaces) **16.** The yellowish tinge to the skin and sclera is called ______.
- 18. The type of precautions all patients with a respiratory illness need to be in while hospitalized
- **19.** The most concerning electrolyte abnormality resulting from the treatment of DKA is ______.
- **20.** Upper airway noise associated with croup

Down

- 1. When a tension pneumothorax or hemothorax are found, the first intervention is a _____(two words no spaces)
- 2. ____ care discussions should start when a life threatening diagnosis is first made

- Central lines hubs should be scrubbed for _____ seconds with alcohol swabs and allowed to dry for the same amount of time before accessing the line
 Post op patients should be out of bed and ambulating within _____ hours following surgery.
- **8.** _____(cyanotic heart defect) has 4 heart malformations which present together (3 words no spaces)
- 11. During Bicycle safety education, it is important that parents know to replace helmets every _____ years.
- **14.** A newer approach to wound care that is used to help debride wounds and increase healing times
- **17.** Type of PICC line with valves in the hub instead of clamps