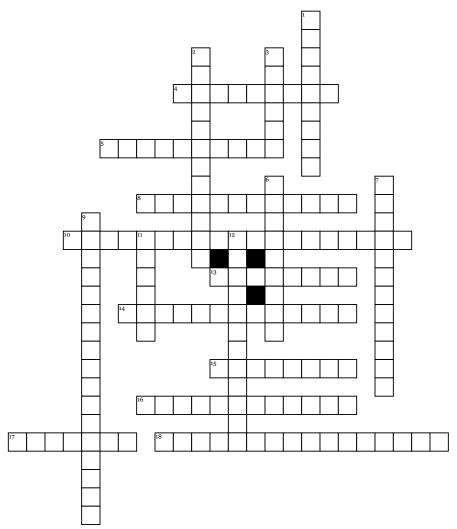
Name: _____ Date: _____

Periodic Table



Across

- **4.** element whose atoms gain or share electrons in chemical reactions; poor conductor of heat and electricity
- **5.** The total number of protons and neutrons in an atom's nucleus
- **8.** The number of protons in the nucleus of an atom of an element
- 10. Name for elements in group 2
- **13.** a non-reactive element in Group 18 on the periodic table of elements: helium, neon, argon, krypton, xenon, radon
- **14.** A chart of elements arranged into rows and columns according to their physical and chemical properties increasing by atomic number

- **15.** Name for elements in group 17
- 16. Name for elements in group 1
- 17. Only halide that's a liquid
- **18.** Name for elements in groups 3-12 **Down**
- 1. elements that have qualities of both metals and nonmetals
- **2.** Elements in the Periodic Table are arranged according to their
- 3. elements that are opaque, malleable, ductile, and typically lustrous substances that are good conductors of heat and electricity
- **6.** The ability to be pulled into thin wires

- 7. The ability for a substance to be hammered into sheets
- **9.** a measure of attraction of a nucleus of an atom in a chemical reaction for a covalently bonded electron
- **11.** Describes the ability of metal to reflect light
- **12.** half the distance between the nuclei of identical atoms bonded together

Word Bank

Luster

Ductility Electronegativity Alkali metals Atomic number **Atomic Radius** Malleability Alkaline earth metals Non Metals Periodic Table Metalloid Transition metals **Atomic Mass** Noble Gas Atomic Number Metals Halogens

Bromine