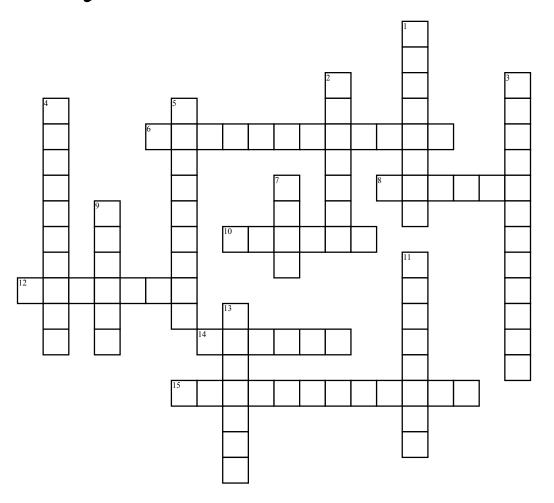
Name:

Physical Characteristics



Across

- **6.** The ability of a substance to transfer heat or electrical energy.
- **8.** A measure of the space that matter occupies
- **10.** The way the surface of a mineral reflects light
- 12. A naturally formed, inorganic solid that has a specific chemical formula and repeating three-dimensional structure
- 14. Most elements are metals; they are typically solid, shiny, malleable, and good conductors of heat and electricity

15. A procedure used to measure volume of a solid object by placing it in a known amount of liquid.

Down

- 1. the act, process, or an instance of reacting.
- 2. A tendency to break rather than flex or bend.
- **3.** The ability of something to be reshaped without breaking
- **4.** Elements that have properties of both metals and nonmetals.
- **5.** Elements that are typically not shiny, not malleable, and poor conductors of heat and electricity; usually gases or brittle solids.
- 7. Measures how much matter is present in a substance
- **9.** The color of a mineral in powdered form left on a streak plate
- 11. A measure of scratch resistance of various minerals.
- 13. The mass of a substance divided by its volume

Word Bank

Hardness reaction conductivity volume density metals

Displacement malleability Mineral luster

metalloids Brittle

Streak mass nonmetals