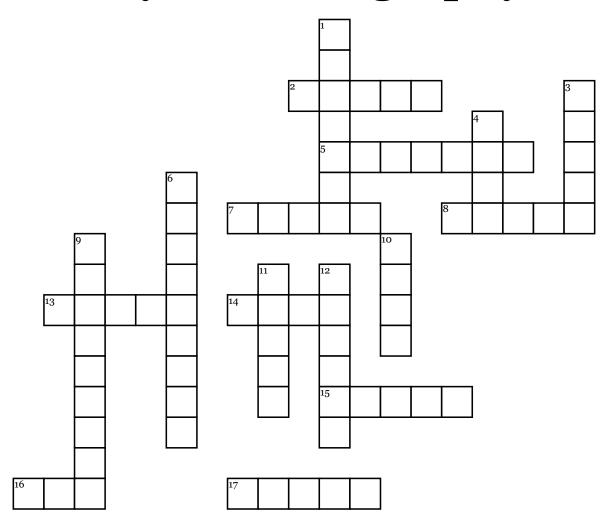
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## Physical Geography



## **Across**

- **2.** A small fertile green area in a desert region, usually having a spring or a well
- **5.** Narrow strip of land, connecting two larger bodies of land, surrounded on both sides by water
- 7. A long, narrow arm of the sea bordered by steep cliff, usually formed by glacial erosion
- **8.** An expanse of sand or pebbles along a shore
- **13.** A natural stream of water of fairly large size flowing in a definite course

- **14.** Land formation, less extensive than a plateau, having steep walls and a relatively flat top
- **15.** Vast body of salt water that covers almost three fourths of the earth's surface
- **16.** A body of water forming an indentation of the shore, larger than a cove, smaller than a gulf
- **17.** An isolated hill or mountain rising abruptly above the surrounding land

## **Down**

**1.** Extended mass of ice formed from snow falling and accumulating over the years and moving very slowly

- **3.** Low wet land, often treeless, growth of grasses and cattails
- **4.** A sand hill or sand ridge formed by the wind
- **6.** a steep flow of water in a water course from a height
- **9.** A stream that flows to a larger stream or other body of water
- **10.** A ridge of rocks or sand, often of coral debris, at or near the surface of the water
- **11.** A nearly flat deposit of branches of the mouth of a river into the sea.
- **12.** Deep valley with steep side, often with a stream