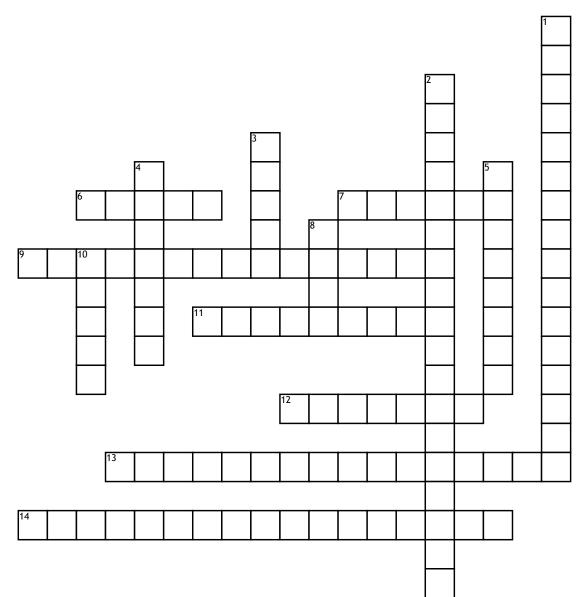
## **Plate Tectonics**



## <u>Across</u>

6. Molten material beneath or within the earth's crust, from which igneous rock is formed.

7. The amount of force exerted on each unit of an area.
9. A feature associated with a transform fault that may occur in the portion of a fracture zone.

 The metamorphic rock texture in which mineral grains are arranged in planes or bands.
 A stress that stretches and pulls a body apart. **13.** A rock that forms from the cooling and solidification of lava at the Earth's surface.

14. The boundary between two tectonic plates moving away from each other.

## <u>Down</u>

**1.** A rock formed from the cooling and solidification of magma beneath the Earth's surface.

**2.** A boundary that occurs when two tectonic plates collide.

**3.** A stress that distorts a body by pushing and twisting parts of the body in opposite directions.

4. The type of rock formed from liquid, molten material.
5. A condition when the forces of gravity and buoyancy are balanced between the crust and the mantle.

**8.** Molten rock that flows from a volcano or from a crack in the Earth.

**10.** A break in a body of rock along which one block slides past another.