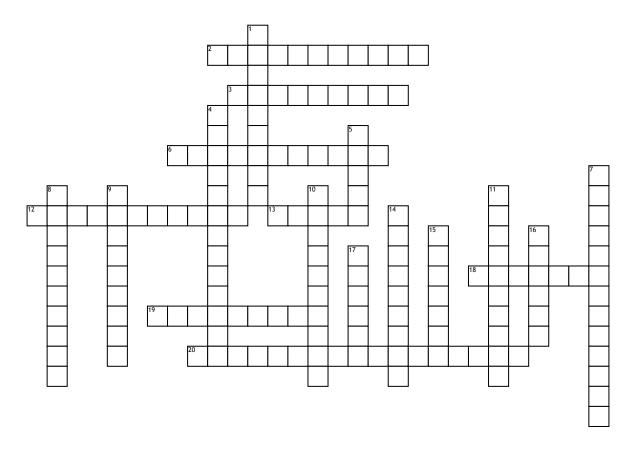
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Plate Tectonics



Across

- **2.** This occurs when transform boundaries slide against one another.
- **3.** The innermost part of the Earth which is a solid ball consisting of iron and nickel.
- **6.** The rigid outer part of the Earth, consisting of the crust and the upper mantle.
- **12.** Lines that connect places on a topography map that are all at the same elevation.
- **13.** A crack in the Earth's crust where rocks slide past one another.
- **18.** A meteorologist and geologist that proposed the Continental Drift Theory.

- **19.** When two tectonic plates pull away from eachother.
- **20.** This happens when two oceanic plates diverge.

Down

- **1.** When two tectonic plates slide past eachother.
- **4.** It is below the lithosphere, relatively low resistance to plastic flow and convection is thought to occur.
- **5.** The outermost layer of the Earth.
- **7.** Shows 3D shapes and elevations of an area of land in 2D.
- **8.** The study of the shapes and features of Earth's surface.
- **9.** This type of land forms when convergent plates collide.

- **10.** When convergent plate boundaries collide causing one plate to go underneath the other.
- 11. When two tectonic plates collide.
- **14.** A fluid layer of the Earth, consisting of iron and nickel.
- **15.** The supercontinent that had once included all of the Earth's land mass.
- **16.** A deep depression of the seafloor caused by the subduction of one plate under another.
- **17.** This type of land can form underwater and on land when divergent plates pull apart.