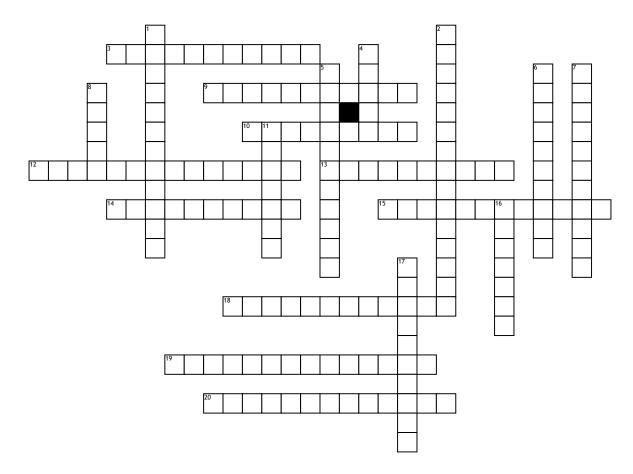
Name:	Date:	Period:

## Plate Tectonics Crossword



## **Across**

- **3.** Energy that radiates in all directions from the earthquake origin is called...
- **9.** Are when plate boundaries pull apart and Earth's crust is stretched.
- **10.** Surface location directly above where an earthquake originates, is called the...?
- **12.** What hypothesis states that when rocks are deformed, they bend and then break, releasing stored energy?
- **13.** The sinking of the ground caused by earthquake vibrations is called Ground...
- **14.** What do scientists call an area along a fault where no eaerthquake activity has occurred for a long time?

- **15.** How do scientists measure earthquakes?
- **18.** Occur where plates are colliding and one side of the fault is pushed up and over the other.
- **19.** What was the new theory made in 1968 about the ocean floor, earthquake activity, and the magnetic field called?
- **20.** A weak plastic layer of the mantle situated below the lithosphere

## Down

- 1. This is a risk that happens during an earthquake. It turns soil into liquid and can make the ground not be able to support buildings or other structures.
- 2. This has been studied more than any other fault system in the world

- **4.** A fracture where movement has occurred is called a...?
- **5.** Small Earth movements that occur following a major earthquake are called...
- **6.** Is the vibration of Earth produced by the rapid release of energy...
- 7. The rigid outer layer of Earth, including the crust and upper mantle
- **8.** Location within Earth where an earthquake originates...
- **11.** What did Wegener call Earth's ancient supercontinent?
- 16. Means "The Study of Earth"
- 17. A slow gradual movement