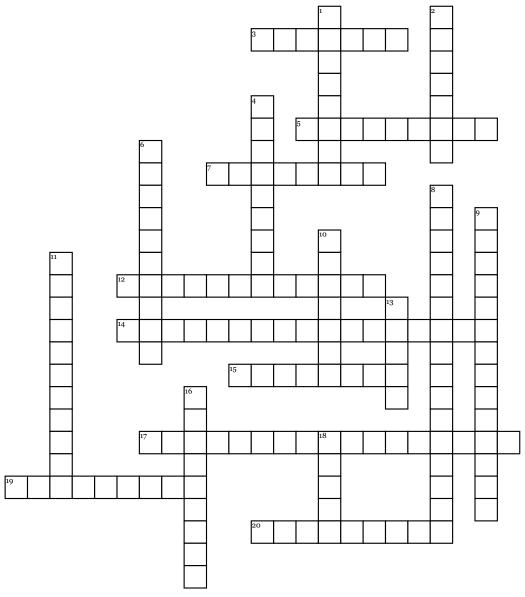
Name:	Date:
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Plate Tectonics



Across

- 3. to move apart
- **5.** Seven great landmasses on the globe.
- 7. to come together.
- **12.** plasticlike layer of Earth on which the lithospheric plates float and move around
- **14.** current in Earth's mantle that transfers heat in earths interior and is the driving force for plate tectonics
- **15.** subduction creates deep ocean (s)

- **17.** Hot, less dense material below Earth's crust rises toward the surface at the mid-ocean ridge
- **19.** _____ are created by subduction
- **20.** oceanic plates separate when this boundary occurs

Down

- 1. portion of the Earth's crust that lies beneath the ocean floor
- 2. All land.
- **4.** convergent plates come together to form _____(s).
- 6. _____ happens when continental and oceanic plates meet

- **8.** Continents moving slowly to their current location.
- **9.** Earth's crust and part of the upper mantle are broken into sections
- 10. more dense/younger type of plate
- **11.** less dense/older type of plate
- **13.** oceanic plates separate and form new oceanic _____.
- **16.** can create earthquakes
- **18.** when plates ____ against one another its called a transform boundary