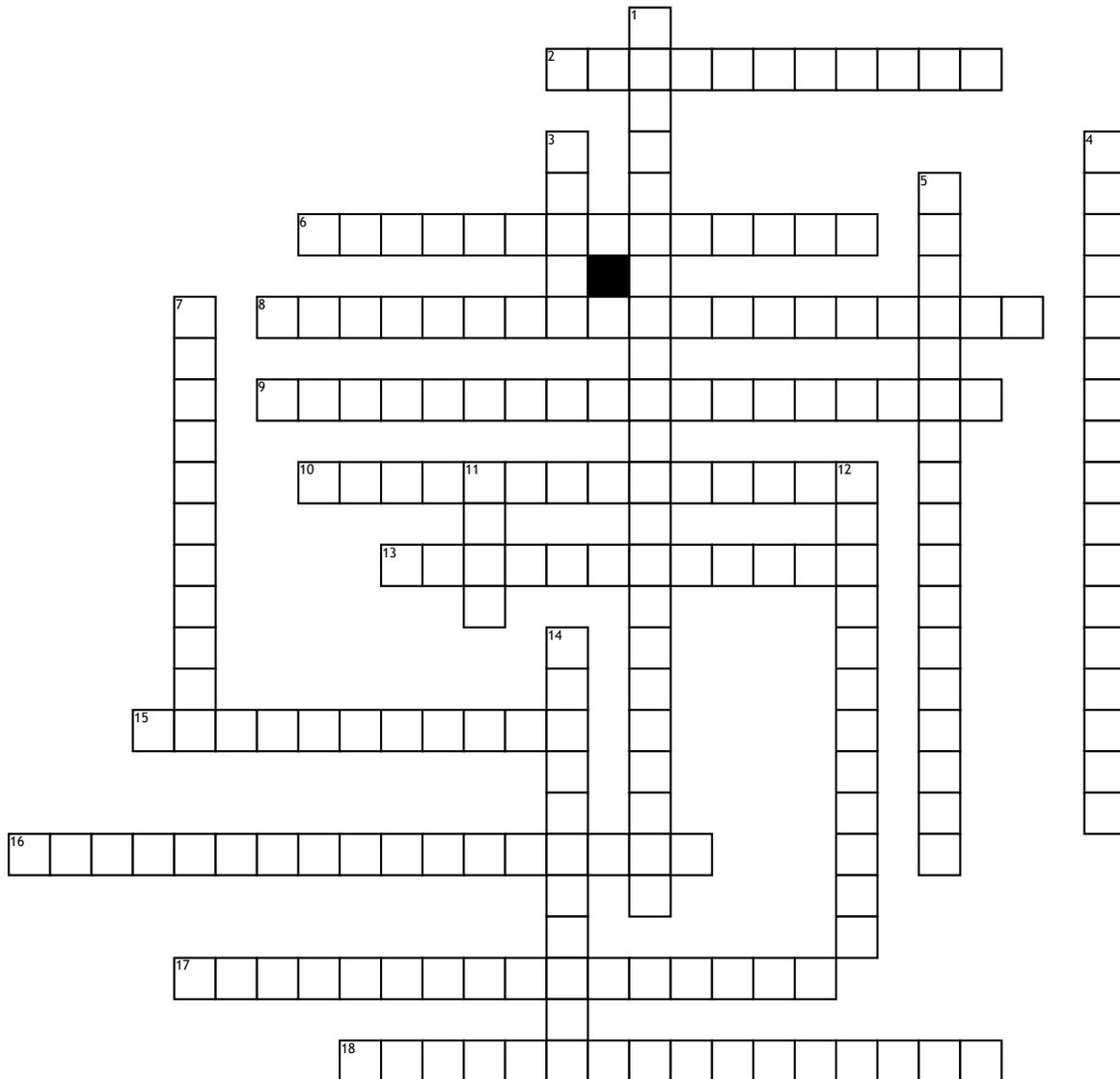


# Probability



**Across**

- 2. The chance of an event occurring
- 6. Two events are dependent if the outcome of the first affect the outcome of the second probability changed
- 8. The set that contains elements or objects that belong to either A or B or to both
- 9. The probability of two independent events occurring can found by the following former  $p(A \cap B) = p(A) \cdot p(B)$
- 10. The set having no elements
- 13. When two events A and B are mutually exclusive, the probability that A or B will occur is the some of probability of each events

- 15. A diagram that shows relationships between different finite sets
- 16. Two events, A and B are independent if the fact that A occur does not effect the probability that B occur
- 17. Is the chance that something's will happen how likely is that some event will happen sometime you can measure a probability with a number like 10 percent chance of rain
- 18. Refers to the elements not in that set

**Down**

- 1. Total number outcome is based on a particular category or event  $p(A/B)$
- 3. Probability of both occurring by  $p(A \text{ and } B)$

- 4. Two or more events that cannot occur at the same time
- 5. Two or more events that can occur at the same time
- 7. When two events are said to be independent of each other
- 11. Drawing a red card from a standard deck of card is  $26/52$  so percent the probability of drawing a deck is  $13/52$  (25) percent the odd for event is the ratin of the number
- 12. A tree diagram is a toal that we use in general mathematics .Probability and stastic that allow us to calculate the number of possible outcome of an event
- 14. The set of all possible outcomes of an experiment