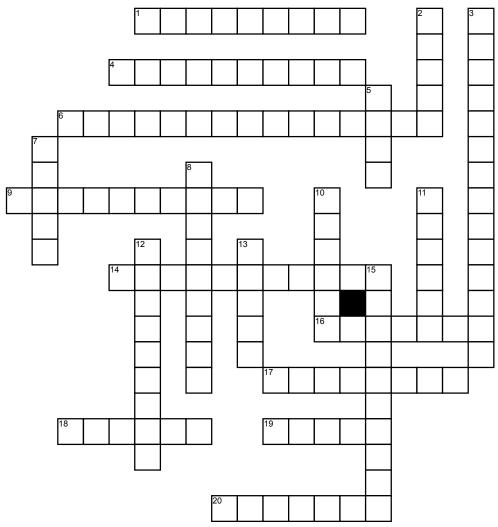
Name: _____ Date: _____

Project



Across

- **1.** The body of laws governing the religious properties of a Christian church
- **4.** The era in European history that followed the fall of the Roman Empire, lasting from about 500-1500
- **6.** The German-Italian empire later became known as
- **9.** A medieval poet and musician who traveled from place to place
- 14. A mock battle between groups of knights
- **16.** Concerned with worldly rather than spiritual matters
- **17.** A code of behavior for knights in medieval Europe stressing ideals such as courage, loyalty, and devotion

- **18.** The Bishops and priests who the pope in Rome had authority over were called the
- **19.** A family payment of one-tenth of its income to a church
- **20.** A Germanic people sometimes referred to as Northmen or Norsemen

Down

- **2.** A family payment of one-tenth of its income to a church
- **3.** The practice of the appointment of church officials by kings and nobles were called
- **5.** An estate granted to a vassal by a Lord under the feudal system in medieval Europe
- **7.** A medical peasant legally band to live on a lords estate

- **8.** What were the main ideas behind feudalism
- **10.** A Germanic people who settled in the Roman province of Gaul and established a great empire during the Middle Ages
- 11. In feudal Europe a person who received a grant of land from a Lord in exchange fro a pledge of loyally
- **12.** A religious community of men who have given their possession to devote themselves to a life of prayer and worship
- 13. A lords estate in feudal Europe
- **15.** Religious ceremonies that led to achieving salvation were called

Word Bank

Troubadour Tithe Fief Chivalry **Tournaments** Holy Roman Empire Serfs Sacraments Governing Lay investiture Manor Franks Vikings Clergy Cannon Law Secular Middle Ages Monastery Vassal Tithe