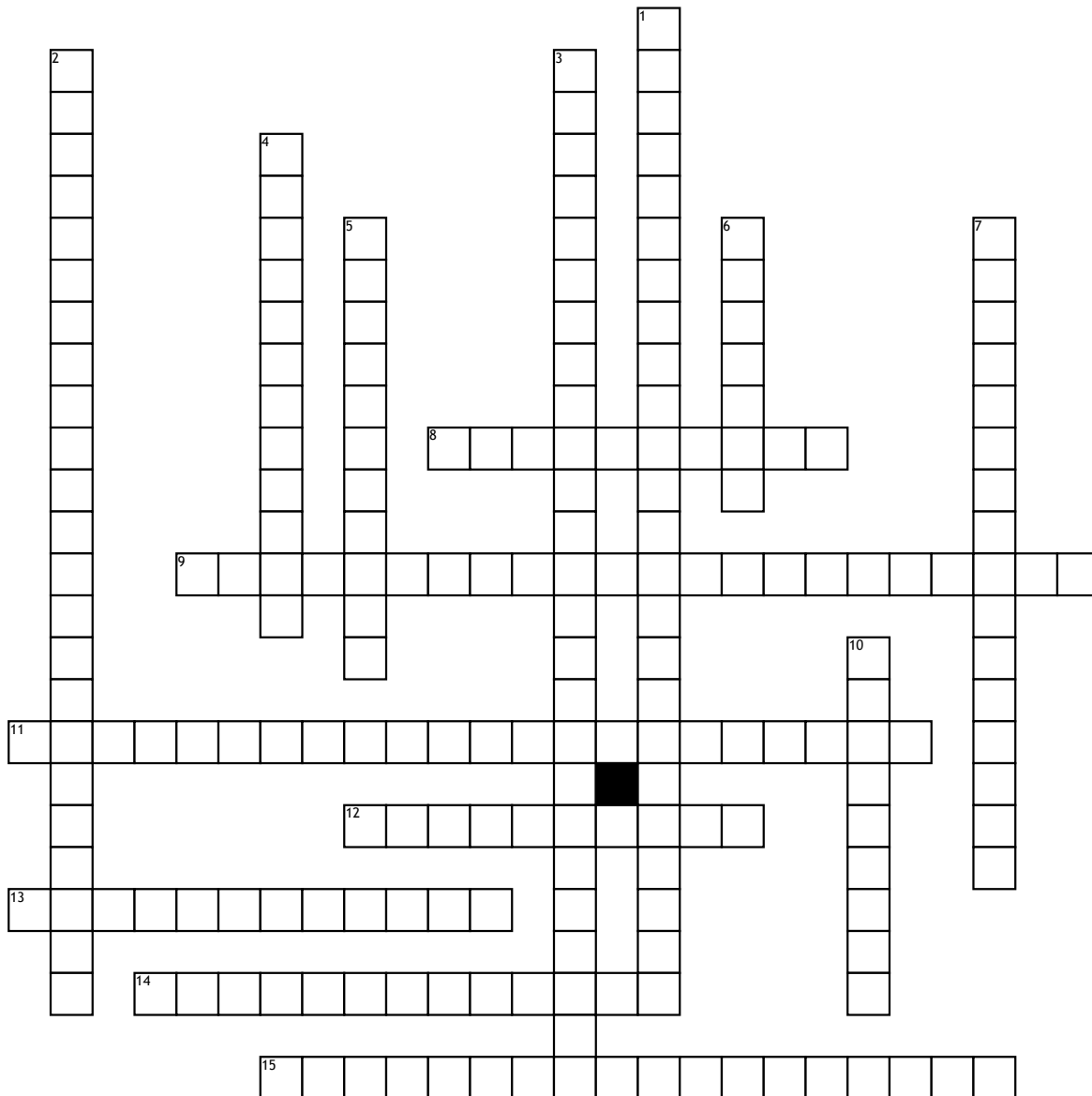


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Psychology Chpt. 1



## Across

8. pioneering work of Russian physiologist charted another new course for psychological investigation.  
 9. a psychologist who uses psychological concepts to make the workplace a more satisfying environment for employees and managers  
 11. an individual who has a Ph.D. in psychology or education who helps people deal with problems of living  
 12. the detailed study of the shape and size of the cranium as a supposed indication of character and mental abilities.  
 13. He taught the first class in psychology at Harvard University in 1875. is often called the "father of psychology" in the United States

14. a psychologist who studied the function (rather than the structure) of consciousness

15. a female pioneer in psychology, contributed greatly to the field of psychology despite numerous obstacles

## Down

1. a psychologist who studies sensation, perception, learning, motivation, and emotion in carefully controlled laboratory conditions  
 2. a psychologist who is concerned with helping students learn  
 3. a psychologist who studies the emotional, physical, cognitive, biological, personal, and social changes that occur as an individual matures  
 4. He was credited with setting up the first psychology laboratory in Leipzig, Germany

5. Psychologist who stressed investigating observable behavior became known as behaviorists.  
 6. the experience that comes from organizing bits and pieces of information into meaningful wholes  
 7. a nineteenth-century English mathematician and scientist, who wanted to understand how heredity influences a person's abilities, character, and behavior  
 10. (1904-1990) he introduced the concept of reinforcement.