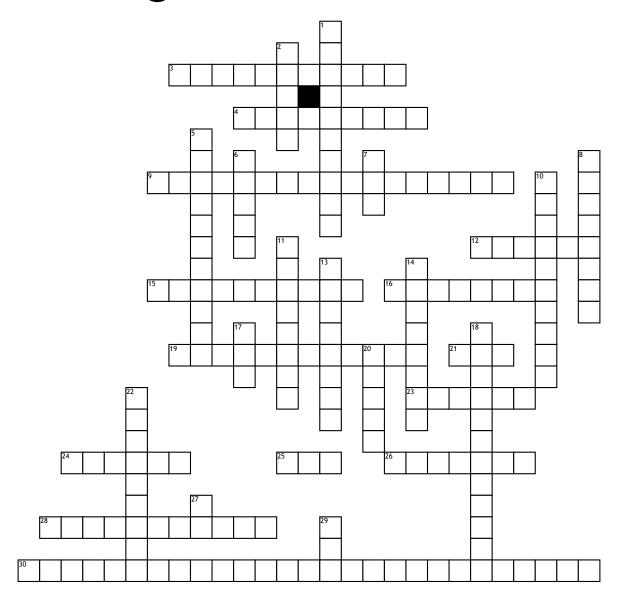
Name:	Date:
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## Radiologic Science 1 Review 1



## <u>Across</u>

- **3.** If an exposure time is measured as 2000 milliseconds, what is the exposure time in seconds?
- **4.** What is the name of the processing technique that can be used to decrease noise and soften the image
- 9. Image detail (sharpness) is also called \_\_\_\_\_.12. The \_\_\_\_\_ is the source of radiation in the x-ray
- ${f 15.}$  A device used to control the size of the radiation field is a:
- 16. The negative side of the x-ray tube holds the
- **19.** The number of gray shades that a digital system can reproduce is termed:
- **21.** which of the following is NOT the primary exposure factor: kVp, mAs, time, SID or OID
- 23. An x-ray exposure is made using the following factors: 200 mA, 0.06 sec, 60 kVp, 60-inch SID, and the small focal spot. In this case, the value of the mAs is:
- 24. Digital image quality is improved with larger

- ${\bf 25.}$  Beam penetrability is increased if kVp is increased.
- **26.** How much mAs is produced when the mA is 800 and the exposure time is 20 ms?
- 28. Thermionic emission at the filament creates a
- 30. Computed radiography screens respond to radiation with

## Down

- 1. The anode, or target, of the x-ray tube is \_\_\_\_ charged.
- 2. The part of the x-ray tube that is connected to the target and causes it to turn is the:
- 5. An increase in mAs causes NO change in
- **6.** The universally accepted standard for exchanging radiographic images inside and outside the institution, and among all manufacturers, is which of the following?
- 7. Digital image quality is improved with a smaller
- **8.** \_\_\_\_\_ is prevented by flooding the erased imaging plate with bright light.

- **10.** "Window level" controls which aspect of the radiographic image?
- **11.** The mAs used for an exposure determines the \_\_\_\_\_ quantity of radiation in the beam.
- 13. Increasing the window width will result in an image with lower:
- **14.** The number of bits that determine the gray level that can be assigned to a pixel is the:
- $\ensuremath{\mathbf{17.}}$  Bone, muscle, fat, gas which would absorb the least radiation?
- **18.** When exposure time is very short, the time is usually measured in:
- **20.** What artifact will be shown in the radiographic image if there is inadequate exposure technique?
- **22.** A smaller effective focal spot produces: greater image
- **27.** There is a direct relationship between the quantity of x-rays and the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 29. Approximately \_\_\_\_\_\_ % of the kinetic energy of the projectile electrons is converted to x-rays at the target.