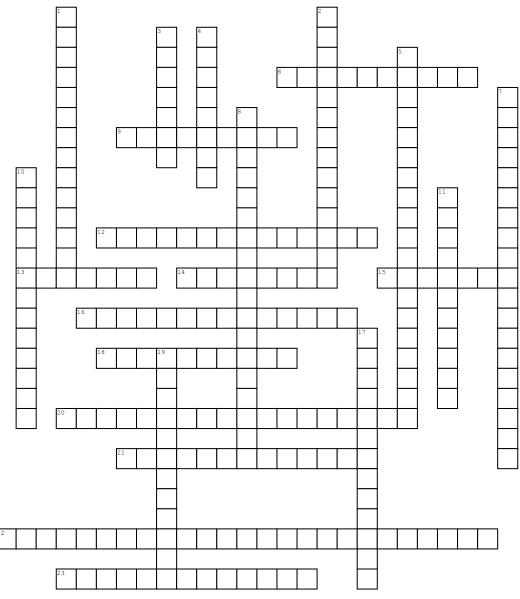
Reconstruction



Across

- **6.** Laws that restricted Freedmen's rights
- **9.** Southern whites who supported republican policy throughout reconstruction
- 12. President during civil war, wrote Emancipation Proclamation and freed slaves.
- 13. A period during which offenders are exempt from punishment.
- 14. Former slaves
- ${f 15.}$ This means to bring accusations against
- 16. Period after civil war in the US when the southern states were reorganized and we're back into the Union
- 18. Founded in the 1860's in the south. Meant to control newly freed slaves through threats and violence

- 20. This amendment stated that citizens cannot be denied the right to vote because of color or previous condition of servitude.
- **21.** Leader of radical republicans in the senate
- 22. Punishing the south and dividing it into five military districts
- 23. Northern whites who moved to the south and served as republican leaders

Down

- 1. When ten percent of a states population swore an oath they could form a new government and decide to end slavery.
- 2. President during civil war, wrote Emancipation Proclamation and freed slaves.
- 3. Tax required before you vote
- 4. The right to vote

- **5.** This amendment stated all people born in the US were entitled to equal rights regardless of race and their rights were protected
- 7. This amendment abolished slavery
- 8. After the civil war a group believed the south should be punished and thought Lincoln was too easy on the south
- 10. To vote for a new state constitution, Lincoln refused to sign this bill, pocket vetoing it
- 11. The act of segregating
- 17. System where landowners leased a few acres of land to farm workers in return for a portion of their crops.
- 19. A test given to people to prove they can read and write before they vote.