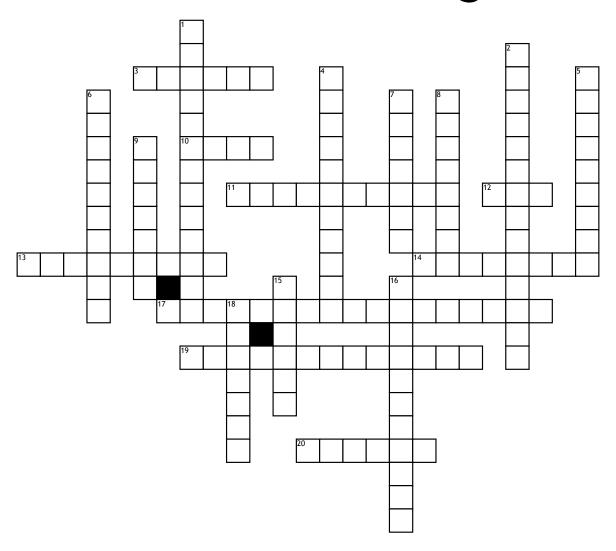
Name:	Date:	Period:

Ronald Roseburgh



<u>Across</u>

- **3.** a round plane figure whose boundary (the circumference) consists of points equidistant from a fixed point (the center).
- 10. something straight
- 11. acute angle. An angle that measures less than ninety degrees but more than zero degrees.
- **12.** each of the lines in which light (and heat) may seem to stream from the sun or any luminous body, or pass through a small opening
- 13. in agreement or harmony.
- **14.** a plane figure with three straight sides and three angles
- 17. In geometry, an isosceles triangle is a triangle that has two sides of equal length. Sometimes it is specified as having exactly two sides of equal length, and sometimes as having at least two sides of equal length, the latter version thus including the equilateral triangle as a special case. Wikipedia
- 19. a triangle with a right angle
- **20.** a plane figure with four equal straight sides and four right angles.

Down

- 1. lines that never touch
- **2.** each of the pairs of opposite angles made by two intersecting lines.
- **4.** An obtuse angle is an angle of greater than 90° and less than 180° . It is bigger than an acute angle.

- **5.** a plane figure with four straight sides and four right angles, especially one with unequal adjacent sides, in contrast to a square.
- **6.** an angle of 90°, as in a corner of a square or at the intersection of two perpendicular straight lines.
- 7. a plane figure with at least three straight sides and angles, and typically five or more.
- **8.** a straight line passing from side to side through the center of a body or figure, especially a circle or sphere
- **9.** a parallelogram with opposite equal acute angles, opposite equal obtuse angles, and four equal sides.
- **15.** the highest point; the top or apex
- **16.** (of a line) intersecting a system of lines.
- **18.** each of the parts into which something is or may be divided