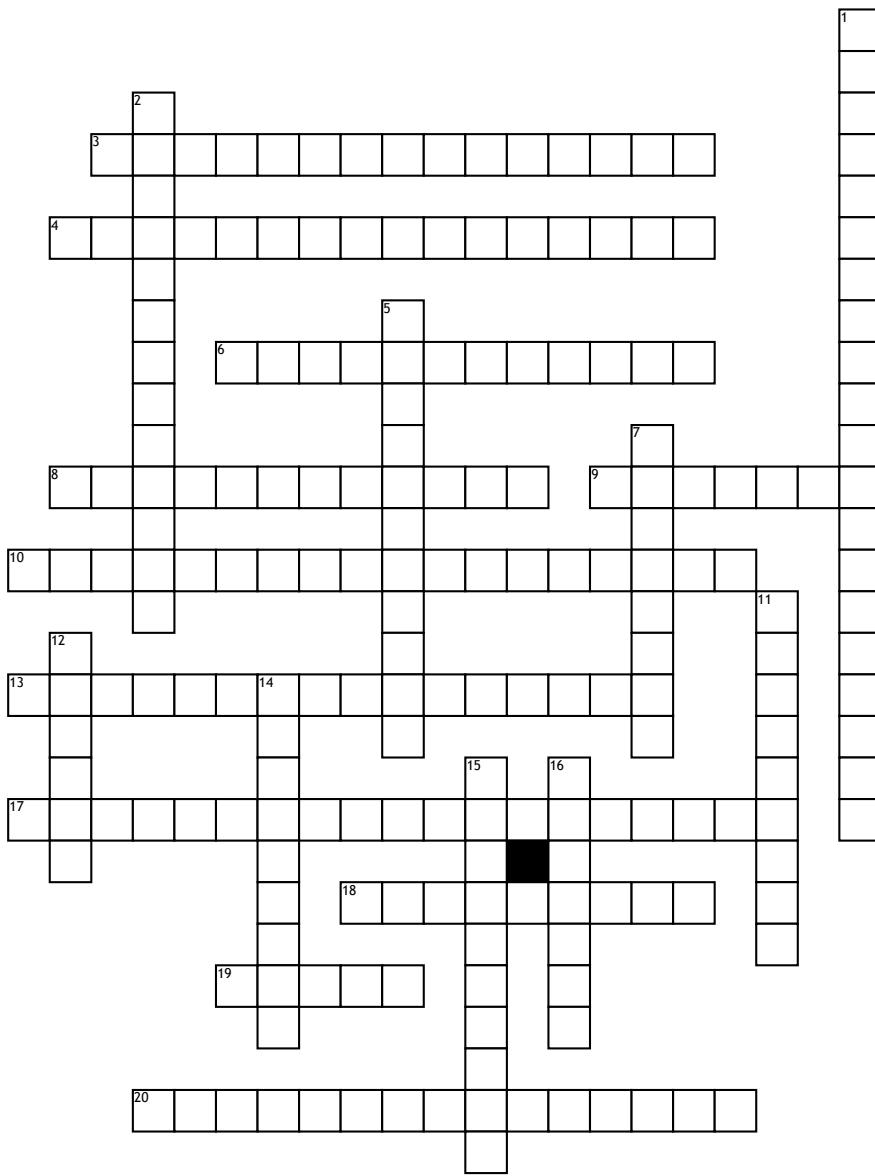


Slavery in 18th century Europe



Across

3. Before the 18th century, little or no moral or _____ was attached to slave owning or slave trading?
4. Africans to the New World is the largest forced _____ migration in human history.
6. What were the major sources for slaves located on the West African Coast called?
8. What religion were most African slaves who were transported to the Americas eventually converted to?
9. What was the name for those who were descendants of earlier generations of African slaves?
10. What two nations were the most involved in the slave trade in the 16th century?
13. What increased the supply of slaves in the 18th century?

17. Warfare in West Africa, often far into the interior, and the _____ of the American Atlantic seaboard were closely related.

18. From what century onward did slave labor become a fundamental social and economic factor in the West Indies, Spain, Portugal, and British colonies in North America?

19. What did the Spanish and Portuguese face a shortage of once they reached the new world?

20. What group of people was originally going to be used as slaves in the new world?

Down

1. What was the result of African slaves surpassing the population of white European settlers in the West Indies, Spain, and Portuguese?

2. Newly imported African slaves were needed because the _____ of the earlier slave population was low, and the death rate was high.

5. What century were the Dutch the chief slave traders?

7. What shape did the major colonial trade follow?

11. What town in North America did the first African slaves arrive at?

12. What about the slaves changed in the Mediterranean world?

14. What islands were the world center for the production of sugar and the chief supplier of it in the late 17th century?

15. Early in the 18th century, as many as 20,000 new Africans a year arrived in the _____ as slaves.

16. In Northern Europe spaces were often displayed in royal court or wealthy homes. why?