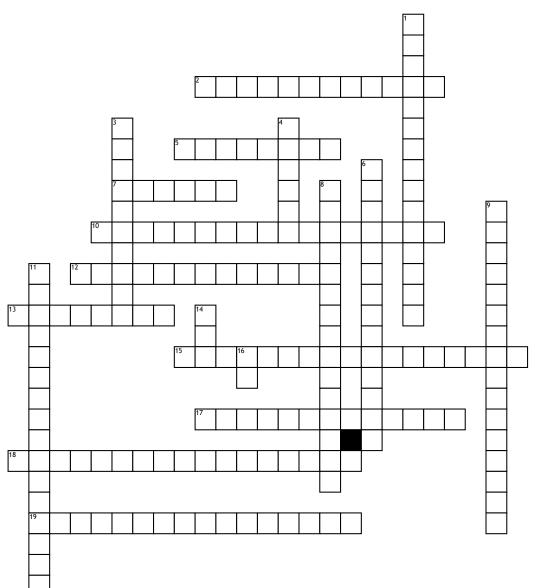
Sociology Henslin Chapter 3



<u>Across</u>

2. Understanding is limited to sensory stimuli such as touch and sight

5. Reasoning ability is more complex but not yet capable of complex abstractions

7. everyone experiences six basic emotions: anger, disgust, fear, happiness, sadness, and surprise.

10. abstract thinking

12. children assumed to have been raised by animals, in the wilderness, isolated from humans

13. Amoral, Pre-conventional, conv, post conv

15. the entire human environment, including interaction with others

17. the process by which people learn the characteristics of their group--the knowledge, skills, attitudes, values, norms, and actions thought appropriate for them

18. the intended beneficial consequences of people's actions19. an individual who significantly influences someone else

<u>Down</u>

1. the process of learning new norms, values, attitudes, and behaviors

3. the stages of our life as we go from birth to death

4. the behaviors and attitudes that a society considers proper for its males and females; masculinity or femininity

6. The ability to use symbols

8. unintended beneficial

consequences of people's actions

9. a social condition in which privileges and obligations are given to some but denied to others

11. a term coined by Charles Horton Cooley to refer to the process by which our self develops through internalizing others' reaction to us

14. Freud's term for a balancing force between the id and the demands of society

16. Freud's term for our inborn basic drives