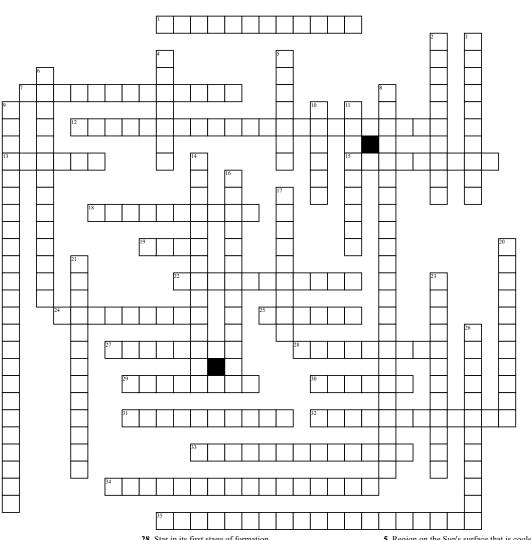
## Space Words



## Across

1. Condition in which the gravitational forces that act on a mass are greatly reduced.

7. Process in which the nuclei of atoms fuse together an form larger atoms.

12. An observable occurence relating to astronomy.

13. Outermost layer of the Sun, extending beyond the

chromosphere for millions of kilometres.

15. A natural science that studies celestial objects and

phenomena.

18. Matter in the Universe that is visible because it does not

interact with light or any other kind of radiation. to the Earth is the Sun. 19. The nearest

**22.** The gravitationally bound system comprising the Sun and the objects that orbit it.

24. Smaller recognizable star patterns within a larger

constellation.

25. A massive, gravitationally bound system that consists of stars, stellar objects, black holes, and an unknown component of dark matter. Ours is the Milky Way.

27. One complete spin of Earth on its axis, which takes almost 24 hours.

## Word Bank

- Solar System Microgravity Equinox Spectral Lines Chromosphere Artificial Satellite protostar
- Universe Electromagnetic spectrum Rotation Celestial Objects Corona Asterisms Retrograde

28. Star in its first stage of formation.

29. All of space and time and its contents, which includes planets, moons, stars, galaxies, the contents of intergalactic space and all matter and energy.

30. An astronomical body orbiting a star.

- 31. Apparent reversal of a planet's path relative to the starry
- backdrop. 32. Optical instrument that, like a prism, separates light into its spectral colours.
- 33. Planet's distance from the Sun.
- 34. Is made of a different type of material: rock, gas or ice. 35. A device placed in orbit around Earth or other celestial objects.
- Down
- 2. Large, often curved, bright stream of particles extending
- outward from the photosphere into the corona. **3.** A scientist in the field of astronomy who concentrates their
- studies on a specific question or field outside the scope of the Earth

4. Day when the hours of daylight and the hours of night are of equal length

5. Region on the Sun's surface that is cooler than the surrounding areas.

6. Day of the year with the longest period of daylight, representing the start of summer.

8. Full range of electromagnetic radiation, organized by wave length from very long to very short.

- 9. Energy that travels in waves of varying lengths.
- 10. Large cloud of dust and gas
- 11. Thin but steady steam of subatomic particles flowing out of
- the Sun's surface in al directions.
- 14. Day of the year with the shortest period of daylight, representing the start of winter.
- 16. Series of dark lines that appears across a star's light spectrum
- and indicates the chemical elements in the star's composition.
- 17. A unit of length used to express astronomical distances.
- **20.** Layer of the Sun usually considered to be the boundary between the inside and the outside of the Sun.
- 21. Orbit in which a satellite orbits Earth at the same rate as Earth
- rotates.
- 23. Star system with two stars

26. Thin layer of the Sun, lying above the photosphere, and with a red cast to it

Sunspot Galaxy Astronomy Planet NUCLEAR FUSION Binary System Summer solstice

Astronomical Phenomenon Solar Wind NEBULA Astronomer Spectroscope Star DARK MATTER Light Year GEOSTATIONARY Photosphere Winter solstice Electromagnetic Radiation **Orbital Radius** Prominence

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