Name:	Date:
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Standar Women's Haircut

1. Haircut in which all the hair comes to one hanging level, forming a weight A. Over-direction line or area; hair is cut with no elevation or over-direction; also referred to as one-length, zero elevation, or no elevation cut 2. Where and how hair is moved over the head B. Perimeter 3. Shape of the head, which greatly affects the way the hair falls and behaves C. Elevation 4. Create movement and volume in the hair by releasing weight D. Cross-checking 5. Amount of pressure applied when combing and holding a section, created by E. Distribution stretching or pulling the section 6. Combing a section away from its natural falling position, rather than straight F. Layers out from the head, toward a guideline; used to create increasing lengths in the interior or perimeter 7. Refers to a layered haircut, whose shortest layer is at the apex and G. Reference points progressively gets longer in length H. Head form 8. Elevation occurs when a section is lifted above zero degrees it is a gradual progression of lengths from short to longer 9. Outer line of a hairstyle I. Progression 10. To divide the hair by parting into uniform working areas for control J. Blunt haircut K. Subsections 11. Parting the haircut in the opposite way from which you cut it, to check for precision of line and shape L. Graduation 12. Points of the head that mark where the surface of the head changes or the behavior of the hair changes, such as ears, jawline, occipital bone, apex, and so on; used to design lines that are proportionate M. Sections 13. The seperations that occur within your section N. Tension 14. Angle or degree at which a subsection of hair is held, or lifted, from the

head when cutting; also referred to as projection or lifting