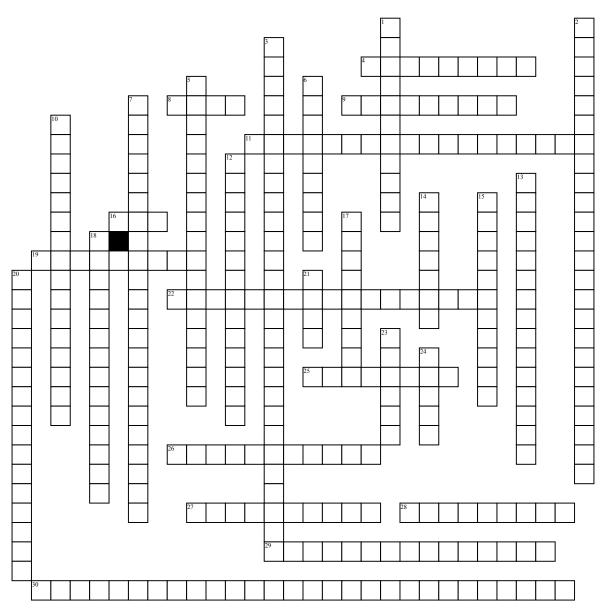
Name:	Date:	

Statistics



Across

- **4.** A data value is the number of times it occurs
- 8. Occurs most
- 9. Line of best fit
- **11.** (IQR) difference between the first and third quartiles
- **16.** Mean absolute deviation. Measure of spread
- **19.** Divide the data into 4 equal parts
- 22. Percentage
- **25.** Distance between an actual y-value and predicted y-value
- **26.** Shows parts of a whole, aka pie chart
- **27.** The study of data
- **28.** A bar graph for quantitative data. The bars DO touch
- **29.** Arranged data by dividing each data value into 2 parts

30. Knowing the value of 1 variable changes the value of another

Down

- **1.** Describes a relationship between two data sets
- **2.** Information about both variables at the same time
- **3.** Value in the margins
- **5.** Five number summary
- **6.** A graph that displays data overtime
- 7. Is a number that describes the points, aka "r"
- **10.** A data set is the line for which the sum of squares of the residuals is as small as possible
- 12. Bar graph for two sets of data
- **13.** A line graph for two sets of data overtime

- **14.** A value in a data set that is very different from all the others
- **15.** A useful way to organize data that can be categorized by two variables
- 17. Displays data vertically or horizontally in boxes
- **18.** Shows the frequency of each data value
- 20. Most precise line of best fit
- 21. Average
- 23. Middle- mid point
- 24. Max minus min