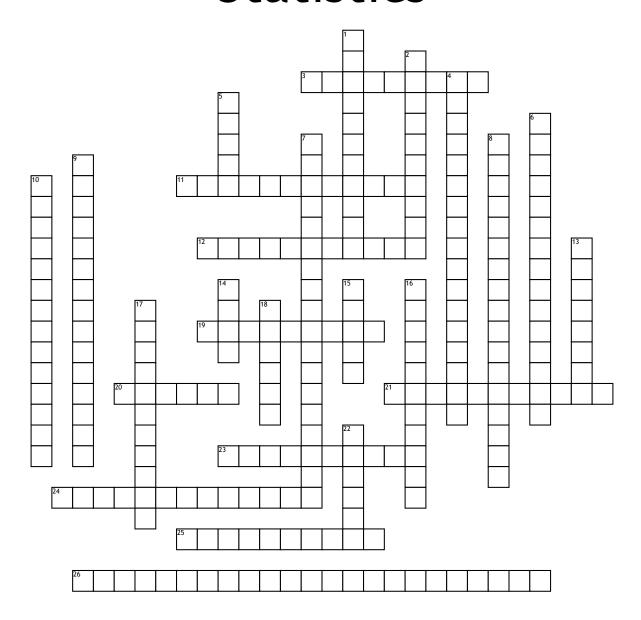
Statistics



Across

- **3.** A single number that tells us the direction and strength of a linear relationship
- **11.** Where we report our statistical findings
- **12.** What statistical procedure do we use when we want to study if two variables are associated?
- 19. Correlation does not equal
- **20.** Particular group of people you are trying to study
- **21.** A mathematical model for predicting Y from X
- **23.** When you reject the null hypothesis when it is true

- **24.** Comparison distribution for an ANOVA
- **25.** Statistical method used to make predictions
- **26.** What is extremely important in psychology research?

Down

- 1. Visual analysis we use for a correlation
- **2.** Entire group of people you are trying to study
- **4.** p<.05
- **5.** the probability of supporting the research hypothesis when it is true
- **6.** Best way to select a sample to study
- 7. Bell-shaped curve

- **8.** What do we do after results are significant?
- 9. Mean, Mode, and Median
- 10. "Line of best fit"
- 13. Thing we are studying
- 14. Predicted Y raw score
- **15.** statistical procedure for testing variance among the means of more than two groups
- **16.** Fail to reject the null hypothesis when we should
- 17. Variance and Standard Deviation
- **18.** Describes a score in terms of how much it is above or below the average
- **22.** ratio of between-groups estimate and within-groups estimate