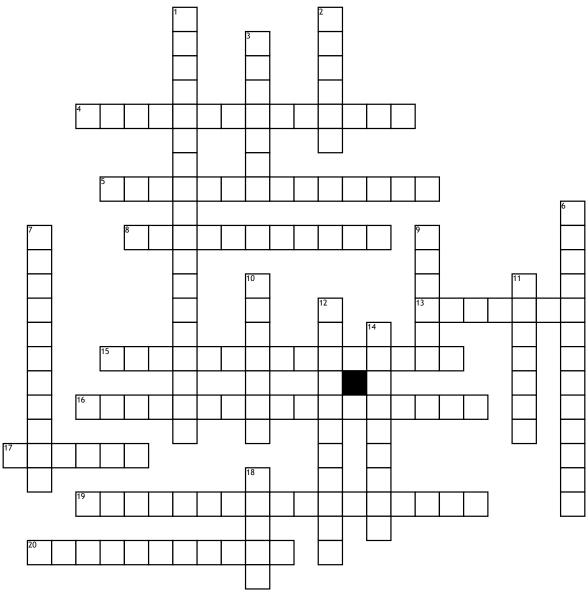
Name:	Date:
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Tectonic plates



Across

- **4.** The theory that explains large pieces of the lithosphere called plates move and change shape
- **5.** what is it called when all the continents come together
- **8.** The solid outer layer of earth that consists of the crust and the rigid upper part of the mantle
- 13. A piece of lithosphere that has a unique geologic history and that may be part of a larger piece of lithosphere such as a continent
- **15.** Places where the sea floor is forced under continental plates
- **16.** The boundary between two tectonic plates that are moving away from each other

- **17.** When plates collide the plate that is _____ will subduct (go beneath the other).
- **19.** when two plates grind past each other
- **20.** The single, large ocean that covered earths surface during the time the supercontinent Pangaea existed **Down**
- 1. The solid plastic layer of the mantle beneath the lithosphere
- 2. ____ can be created or grow wider where plates diverge or pull apart.
- **3.** When oceanic crust melts it can result in the formation of a _____
- **6.** The solid plastic layer of the mantle beneath the lithosphere
- **7.** At transform boundaries _____ can form.

- **9.** Section of the Earth below the crust
- **10.** The process by which earths crust breaks apart, can occur within continental crust or organic crust
- 11. The supercontinent that formed 300 million years ago and that began to break up 200 million years ago
- 12. formed from cooling lava
- **14.** When two continental plates collide large _____ will usually form.
- **18.** outer layer of the Earth, the thinnest layer