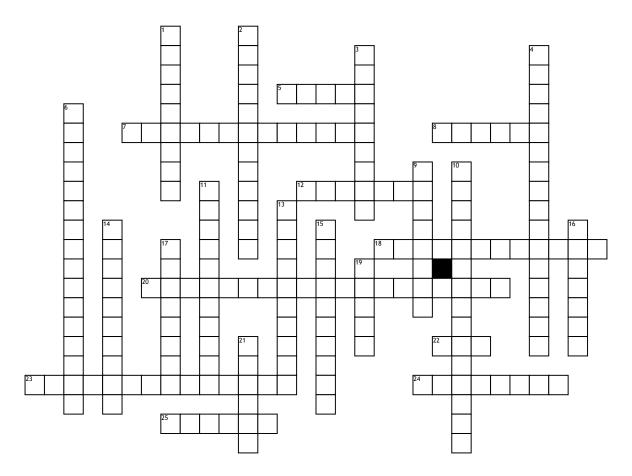
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## The Elements



## **Across**

- **5.** negatively charged ion
- 7. this chart shows all of the known elements
- **8.** the columns of the periodic table are called \_\_\_\_\_
- 12. an atom with a dense center of positive charge
- **18.** the number of protons in a nucleus of an atom
- **20.** second column of elements is called \_\_\_\_\_
- 22. a charged entity
- **23.** abbreviations for chemical elements. Usually consists of the first or first two letters of the element name
- **24.** distinct substance that is composed of the atoms of two or more elements
- 25. a positive ion

## <u>Down</u>

- 1. atoms contain negative particles called \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. first column of elements is called
- 3. appear in the right upper hand of the periodic table. Lack the properties of metals
- **4.** a large collection of elements that spans many vertical columns
- **6.** created by J. J Thomson, concluded that an atom might look something like a \_\_\_\_\_
- **9.** atoms with the same number of protons but different numbers of neutron
- **10.** the types of atoms and the number of each type in each unit of a compound are expressed by this.

- 11. developed by Ernest Rutherford in which a small positively charged nucleus is surrounded by planetary electrons
- **13.** eighth column of elements is called\_\_\_\_\_
- **14.** the sum of the number of neutrons and the number of protons in a given nucleus
- **15.** silicon, germanium, arsenic, antimony, and tellurium are \_\_\_\_
- **16.** slightly bigger than electron and has no charge
- 17. seventh column of elements is called \_\_\_\_\_
- 19. elements made of tiny particles
- 21. same size as an electron but has a positive charge