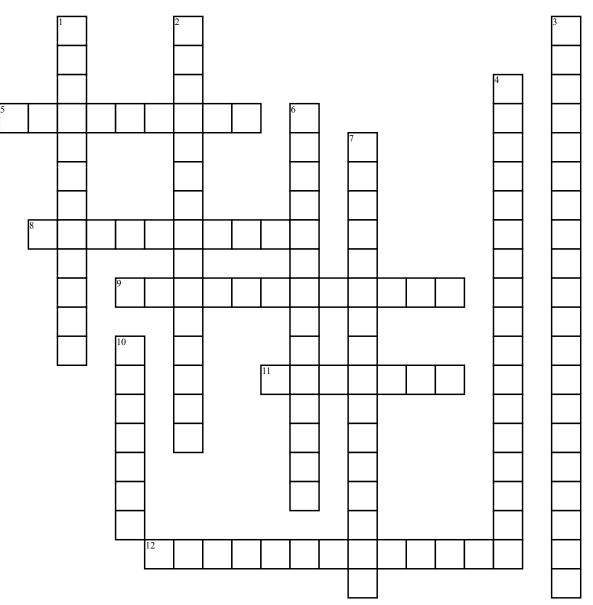
The Great Depression



<u>Across</u>

5. A mild economic downturn.

8. A major economic

downturn typically characterized by high unemployment, reduction in credit and consumer confidence and bank and business failures.

9. The percentage of workers who are actively looking for, but cannot get a job.

11. When individuals take all their money out of the bank in a panic.

12. Regular swings or up's and down's of an economy.

<u>Down</u>

1. October 29,1929 stock market prices plunge.

2. When the government spends more money than it receives in taxes.

3. The total value of goods and services produced by a country in a given year.

4. An unrealistic or unfounded rise in economic values.

6. Purchasing stocks by paying only for a percentage and borrowing the rest in hopes that the value of the stocks will continue to increase.

7. Biggest economic slumps America has witnessed and one of the cases of the Great Depression.

10. A payment by the government to an industry to enable them to sell their products lower than the cost it takes to produce the product.