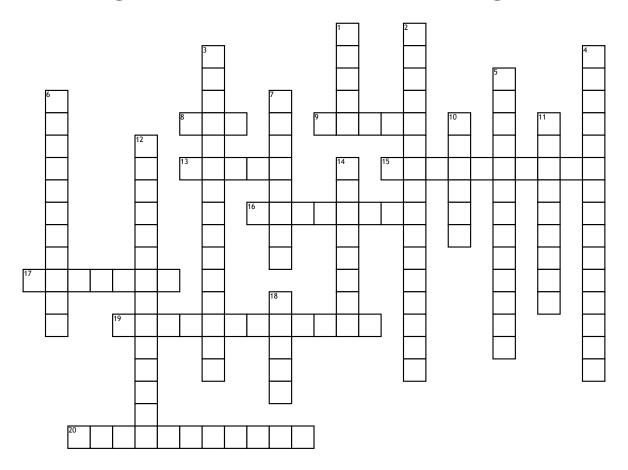
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The High and Late Middle Ages 10-1



Across

- **8.** How many crusades eventually took place?
- **9.** Constantinople was known for this
- **13.** The largest cities were the trade centers of _____.
- **15.** Crusaders brought sugar, rice, melons, fine cotton, perfumes, and spices from where
- **16.** This system slowly declined
- **17.** In 1050 the economy was
- **19.** Was a great success from 1096 to 1099

20. He called upon nobles in Europe to free Palestine from islamic control

Down

- **1.** Work done by the peasants for the lords
- 2. This system reduced the amount of land left unplanted
- **3.** Crusaders sent up territories along the eastern mediterranean called
- **4.** A thin strip of territories along the shores of the eastern Mediterranean

- **5.** These businesspeople took the risk of setting up businesses in order to make a profit
- 6. Followers of Islam
- 7. In 1291, the Muslims recaptured the
- **10.** _____ class was made up of merchants and artisans
- **11.** One of the most important innovations in farming
- **12.** Soldiers of the Fourth Crusade captured this Christian city
- **14.** Europeans cleared forests so the land could become ____
- **18.** Most common economic organization in a medieval city