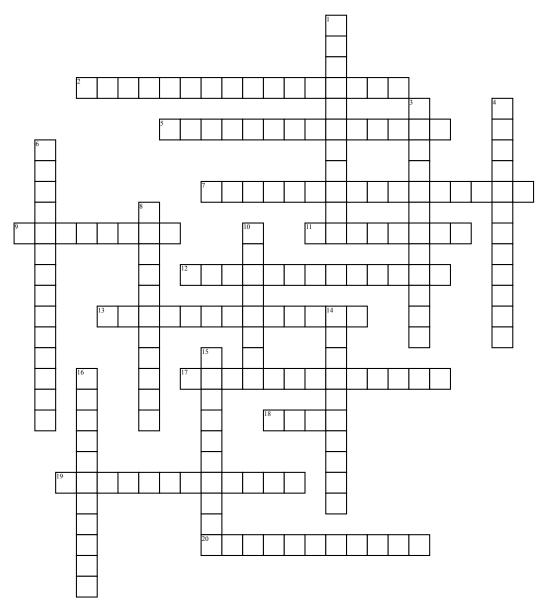
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The Human Brain



Across

- 2. two largest cavities of the ventricular system
- 5. thin layer of the brain that covers the outer portion
- 7. long stem-like structure which makes up part of the brainstem
- **9.** serves important functions in motor movement, particularly movements of the eye, and in auditory and visual processing
- 11. Shown to play a key role in the processing of emotions
- 12. structure located in the forebrain of vertebrates that receives neural input about odours detected by cells in the nasal cavity
- 13. visual processing center of the mammalian brain containing most of the anatomical region of the visual cortex

- **17.** responsible for receiving and interpreting sensory information from different parts of the body
- **18.** the part of the brainstem that links the medulla oblongata and the thalamus
- **19.** These lobes are important to the function and processing of sensory information, understanding spatial orientation and body awareness
- 20. involved in the planning, control, and execution of voluntary movements

- **1.** X-shaped structure formed by the crossing of the optic nerves in the brain
- 3. egion where auditory language and speech comprehension systems are located 4. crucial role in many important
- functions, including: releasing hormones. regulating body temperature

- **6.** small pea-sized gland that plays a major role in regulating vital body functions and general wellbeing
- 8. complex brain structure embedded deep into temporal lobe. It has a major role in learning and memory
- 10. relay motor and sensory signals to
- the cerebral cortex 14. involved in the expressive aspects of spoken and written language
- **15.** receives information from sensory systems
- **16.** controls important cognitive skills in humans, such as emotional expression, problem solving, memory, language, judgment, and sexual behaviors