## <u>Across</u>

**3**. After billions of years, a white dwarf eventually staops glowing and becomes a \_.

7. A star is born when the contracting gas and dust from a nebula becomes so hot that a process called \_ starts

8. A massive star becomes a \_ after the main-sequence stage.

**9**. An average star becomes a \_ once its fuel starts to run out.

**10**. Dust and gas in a nebula get pulled together by gravity to form a \_.

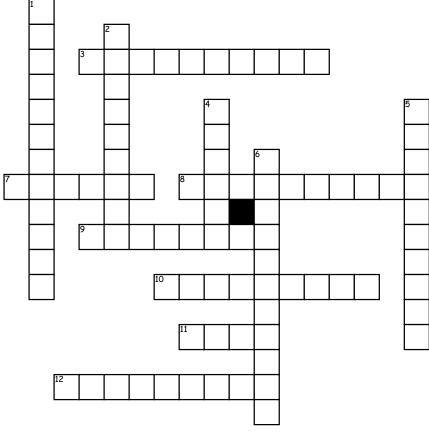
11. A star's \_\_\_\_\_ determines whether it will become a red giant star or a supergiant star.

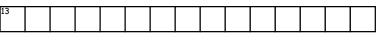
12. Once a supergiant star runs out of fuel, it explodes quickly, becoming a \_.

13. The outer parts of a red riant grow larger, drifting out into space, forming a glowing cloud of gas called a \_.

## <u>Down</u>

1. A star spends most of its life in the \_ stage.





2. A \_ is an object with gravity so strong that nothing, not even light can escape.

**4**. A \_ is a large cloud of gas and dust spread out over an immense volume.

5. A \_ is the leftover core of a planetary nebula.

**6**. A massive star could turn into a \_ after becoming a supernova.

