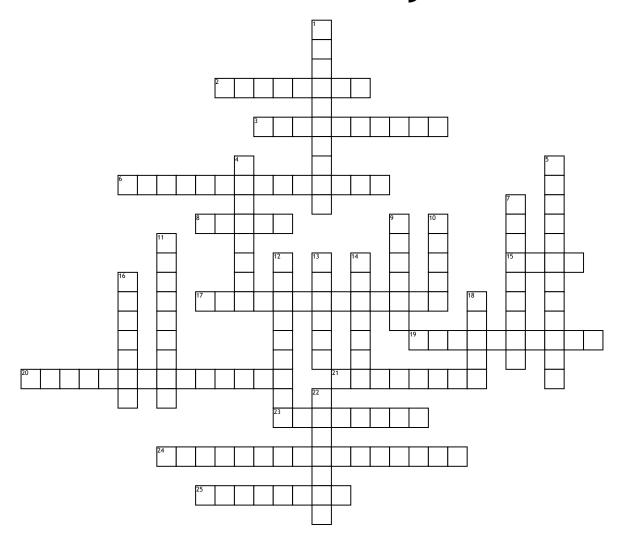
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The Nervous System



Across

- **2.** Vibrates the hammer, anvil, and stirrup.
- **3.** Thin membrane that creates pressure waves in the cochlea.
- **6.** Surface of the cerebrum that is deeply creased.
- **8.** division of the PNS that transmits messages from the CNS to the rest of the body.
- **15.** The disk of tissue at the back of the cornea that creates the colored part of your eye.
- 17. Where vibrations enter the ear.
- **19.** Second-largest part of the brain, where muscle commands are routed through.
- **20.** This connects the two hemispheres of the brain.

- **21.** lobe associated with reading and speech.
- 23. Largest part of the brain responsible for learning, intelligence, and judgement.
- **24.** chemicals used by one neuron to signal another cell.
- **25.** Lobe associated with hearing and smell.

Down

- **1.** The primary link between the brain and the rest of the body.
- **4.** One of many chemical receptors located on the tongue.
- 5. An action potential traveling down an axon.
- **7.** Connects the brain to the spinal cord.

- **9.** The layer of cells at the back of the eye.
- **10.** Opening in the eye that lets light in.
- 11. Lobe associated with vision.
- **12.** Nervous system that regulates activities that are not under conscious control.
- **13.** Tough transparent layer at the surface of the eye through which light enters.
- **14.** Fluid-filled portion of the inner ear that creates pressure waves using tiny hair cells.
- **16.** The point at which a neuron can transfer an impulse to another cell.
- **18.** The ability to detect chemicals.
- **22.** Lobe associated with evaluating consequences, making judgements, and forming plans.