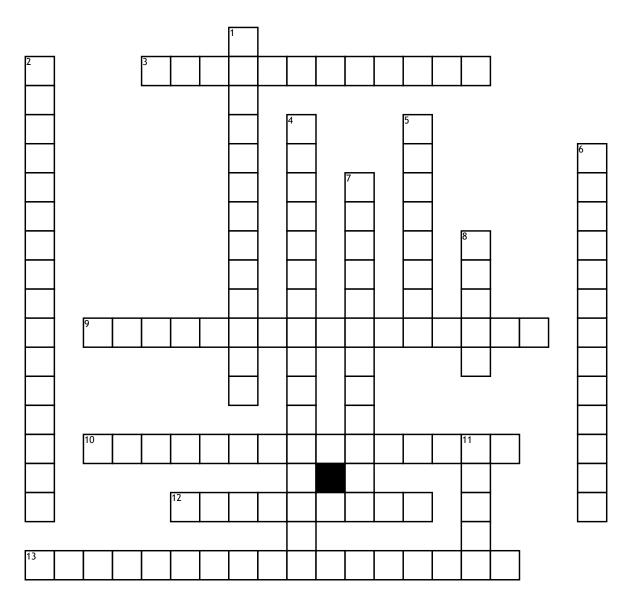
Name:	Date:	Period:
-------	-------	---------

## The Ocean Floor



## Across

- **3.** A thick layer of rock that separates the Earth's oceans from the hot mantle beneath it.
- **9.** where seafloor slopes toward deep ocean floor
- **10.** pile of sediment at base of continental slope
- **12.** undersea mountains formed by volcanic activity
- **13.** Sea Mount that breaks the surface forming string of islands **Down**
- 1. deepest place in the world

- **2.** a relatively flat part of the continent that is covered by sea water; lies between the coast and the continental slope
- 4. deep channels that cut through continental shelf: deep V-shaped valleys found along the continental slope
- **5.** Long, narrow depressions on the seafloor formed when plates collide: long narrow cracks in the ocean floor: the deepest parts of the ocean
- **6.** the mountain chain that rises from the ocean basins; where sea floor spreading takes place
- 7. large, flat regions on the ocean floor: underwater plain. Covers more than 50% of the Earth's surface
- **8.** seamount that has eroded so that it has a flat top and is underwater
- **11.** type of equipment mounted on bottom of boats is used to identify ocean features.