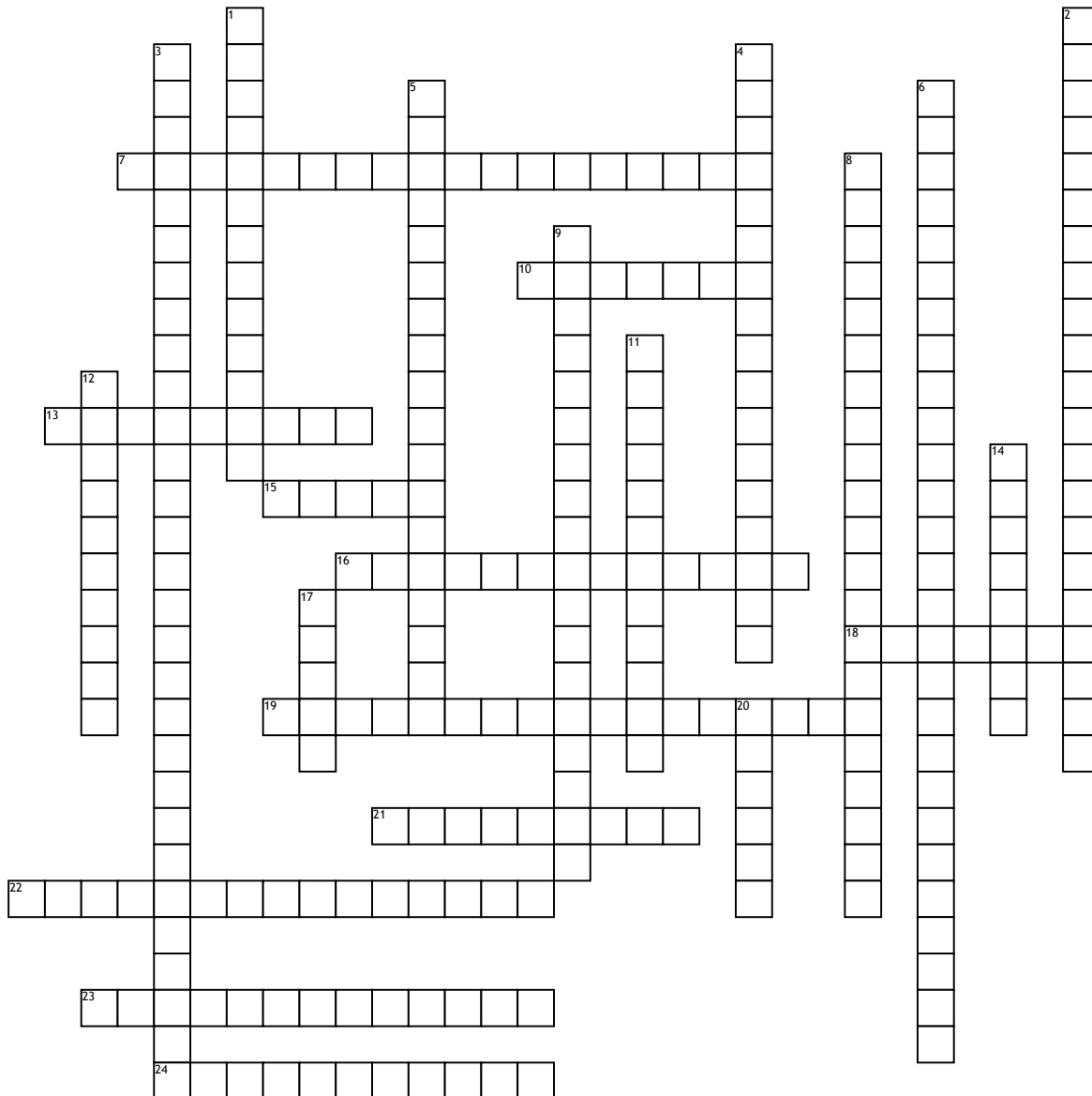


## The Patient with a Sensory Impairments, Physical Impairments and Autoimmune Diseases



### **Across**

7. Cerebral Palsy is a neuromuscular disorder caused by damage to motor areas of the brain, it affects primarily the ability to control \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_?
10. What nervous system does MS affect?
13. What is the classification when three limbs are involved?
15. Erythema Multiforme \_\_\_\_\_ involves two or more mucosal sites with widespread skin involvement?
16. What is an example of a developmental disorder?
18. What type of appointment is usually best for these individuals?
19. What is the name of superficial "ragged" erosions and ulcerations, haphazard distributions?

21. The skin lesions of Erythema Multiforme are often called \_\_\_\_\_?
22. What type of drug is commonly used in treating Rheumatoid Arthritis?
23. What is the common sign a patient suffers from Lupus Erythematosus?
24. Patients that have a limited opening of the mouth suffer from \_\_\_\_\_?

### **Down**

1. What is a goal of treatment for MS?
2. Vesicles or bullae that rupture-leaving large areas of superficial ulcerated and denuded mucosa?
3. What is another name for Hashimoto's Thyroiditis?
4. What does MS stand for?
5. What is a common side effect to a patient on the medication Phenytoin?

6. What is an example of a degenerative disorder?
8. What is the name of the course of disease where an attack may last several days or weeks and be followed by a symptom-free period?
9. Name a common clinic oral finding?
11. This disease has a "lacelike pattern or Wickham striae" appearance?
12. Immune cells in Sarcoidosis form lumps called \_\_\_\_\_?
14. In Sjogren's Syndrome what salivary gland is especially enlarged?
17. In Rheumatoid Arthritis who is most affected?
20. What is the movement disorder called when patients have problems in balance, coordination and depth perception?