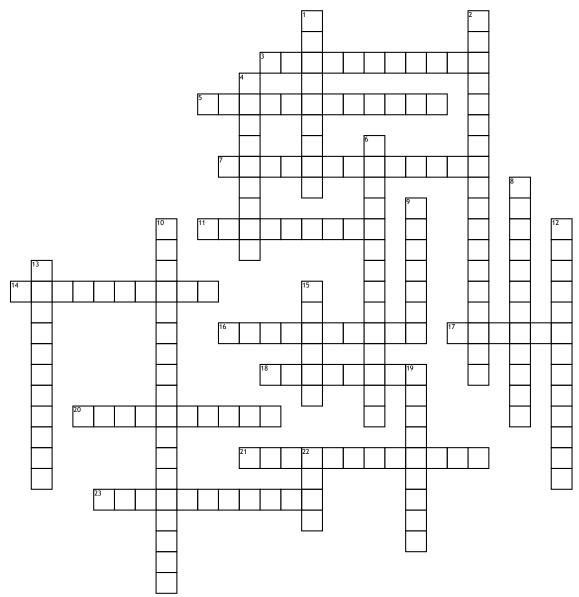
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## The Stars and Our Sun



## **Across**

- 3. Huge loops of gas.
- **5.** The middle layer of the sun's atmosphere.
- **7.** A region of very tightly packed gas where energy moves mainly in the form of electromagnetic radiation.
- **11.** An object with gravity so strong that nothing can escape (not even light).
- **14.** The blue-white core of a star that is left behind.
- **16.** Streams of electrically charged particals
- **17.** A large cloud of gas and dust spread out in immense volume.

- **18.** Areas of gas on the sun's surface that are cooler than the gases around them.
- 20. Gas erupting in space.
- **21.** A device that breaks light into colors and produces an image.
- **23.** The remains of a high mass star. **Down**
- **1.** A contracting cloud of gas and dust with enough mass to form a star.
- **2.** A star's actual brightness if it were at a standard distance from Earth.
- **4.** A graph that plots the surface temperature of stars and their absolute brightness.

- **6.** The outermost layer of the sun's interior.
- **8.** 90 percent of all stars fall into this diagonal region of the HR Diagram.
- 9. Spinning neutron stars.
- **10.** A star's brightness as seen from Earth.
- **12.** A process where hydrogen atoms combine to form helium to provide energy for our sun.
- **13.** The inner layer of the sun's atmosphere
- **15.** Outermost layer of the sun's atmosphere.
- 19. An explosion of a high-mass star.
- 22. The central region of our sun.