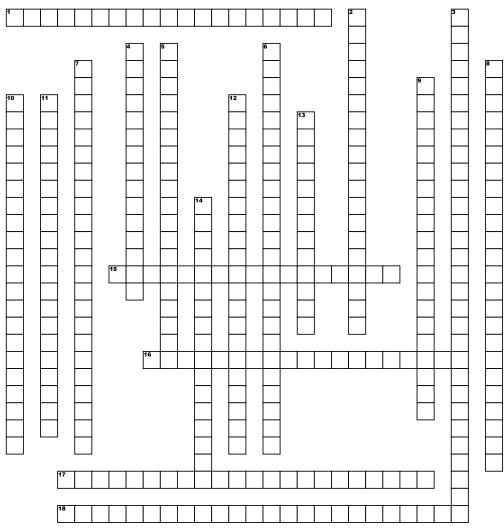
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Theories



Across

- 1. concerned with what society "owes" its members
- 15. we all attach meaning to our communications with others within the context in which the interaction takes place,
- **16.** advocacy of social, economic, and political equality
- 17. views political structures as benefiting only the elites, who have access to power and resources
- **18.** hostility towards those who are perceived inferior status

Down

2. social worker acts as the expert and takes the lead in developing change strategies

Word Bank

Authoritarian Perspective Social Justice Cultural Framing Mobilizing Structures Political Opportunities Feminist Perspective

- 3. attacks by a dominant group on a weaker group
- 4. Cultural Framing Perspective
- 5. social behaviors is best understood in terms of tension between groups over power and allocation of resources
- 6. use the skills of community members to approach problems from the local level
- 7. process of creating and perpetrating a condition merely assuming it is true
- 8. society is structured to maintain its stability as a whole; the overall good for society
- 9. understanding the complexities of culture and how individual lives are influences and groups are treated

- 10. allows people to deny owning uncomfortable feelings
- 11. views political structures as benefiting only the elites, who have access to power and resources
- 12. we construct our reality based on our experiences
- **13.** all humans have the right to live fulfilled lives
- 14. community members are empowered to be their own change agents through protesting, lobbying,

Conflict Perspective
Distributive Justice
Locality Development Model
Displaced Aggression Perspective
Vicious Cycle Perspective
Cultural Perspectives

Social Constructionism
Interaction Theory
Social Action Model
Social Planning Model
Projection Perspective
Functionalist Perspective