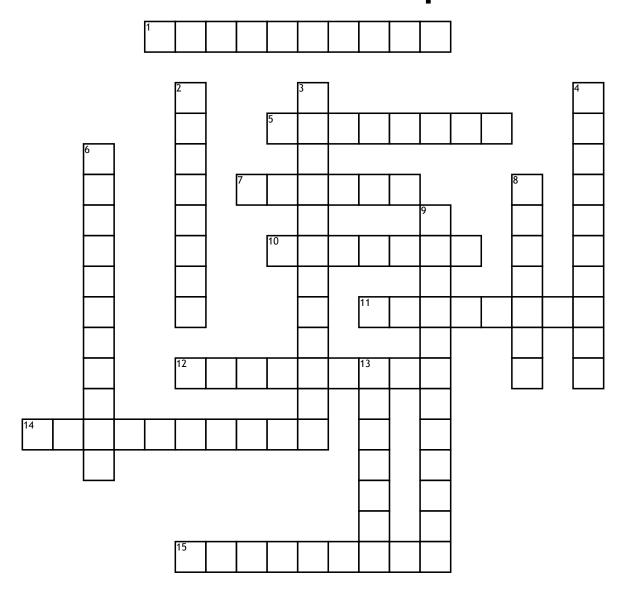
Name:	Date:	Period:

Tides and Eclipses



Across

- 1. the envelope of gases surrounding the earth or another planet.
- **5.** the phase of the moon in which its whole disk is illuminated.
- **7.** a dark area or shape produced by a body coming between rays of light and a surface.
- **10.** the phase of the moon when it is in conjunction with the sun and invisible from earth
- **11.** a tide just after the first or third quarters of the moon when there is least difference between high and low water.

- **12.** any of the almost spherical concentric regions of matter that make up the earth and its atmosphere,
- 14. a tide just after a new or full moon, when there is the greatest difference between high and low water.
- **15.** the regions of the surface, atmosphere, and hydrosphere of the earth (or analogous parts of other planets) occupied by living organisms.

Down

- **2.** the state of the tide when at its highest level.
- **3.** an eclipse in which the moon appears darkened as it passes into the earth's shadow.

- 4. The frozen water part of Earth
- **6.** all the waters on the earth's surface, such as lakes and seas, and sometimes including water over the earth's surface
- **8.** the state of the tide when at its lowest level.
- **9.** an eclipse in which the sun is obscured by the moon.
- 13. a regular oval shape, traced by a point moving in a plane so that the sum of its distances from two other points (the foci) is constant, or resulting when a cone is cut by an oblique plane which does not intersect the base.