$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Trig Ratios and Review



## Across

3. The leg adjacent over the hypotenuse is the $\qquad$
4. The sine of angle $\mathrm{W}=.8170-$ What is the $\mathrm{m}<\mathrm{W}$ ?
5. The tangent of angle $F$ is the leg opposite over the leg
6. What is the sine of an angle measuring 26 degrees? (to the nearest tenth)
7. If two legs of a right triangle are the same length, their angle measures will always be $\qquad$ degrees.
8. What is always the tangent of a 45 degree angle?
9. The length of $x$ in problem 1 is (to the nearest whole
10. A $\qquad$ ratio is a ratio of the lengths of two sides of a right triangle.
11. When asked to 'solve' for a right triangle, you need to find all missing sides and $\qquad$ —.

## Down

1. The sine is the leg opposite over the hypotenuse is the $\qquad$ . 2. What is the height of the triangle in problem \#2 (nearest whole \#)
2. What is the cos of 30 degrees to the nearest tenth?
3. The length of $y$ in problem 1 is $=$

## number)

8. The length of the longer leg of a
$30-60-90$ triangle is the square root 30-60-90 triangle is the square root of
$\qquad$ times the shorter leg.
9. The inverse button for the sin, cos, and tangent, actually gives you the measure of the $\qquad$ _.
10. By the 30-60-90 degree Triangle Theorem, the length of the hypotenuse is $\qquad$ the length of the shorter leg.
11. By the 45-45-90 Triangle Theorem, the length of the $\qquad$ is the length of a leg times the square root of two.
12. The sin, cos, and tangent buttons give you the $\qquad$ of the two sides.
[^0]
[^0]:    ,

