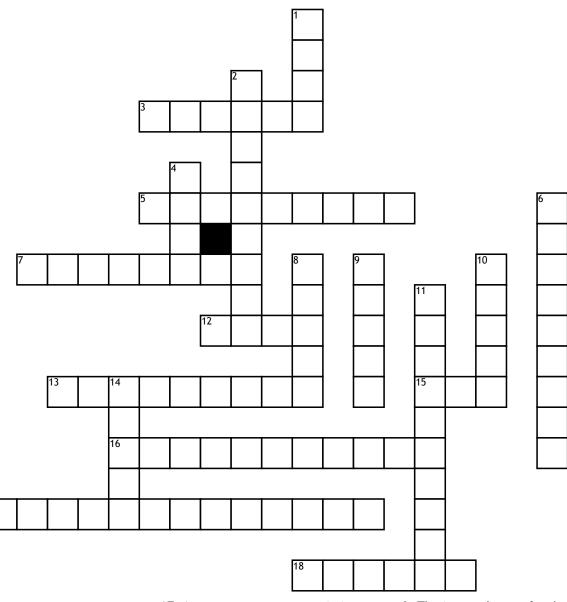
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## Trig Ratios and Review



## **Across**

- **3.** The leg adjacent over the hypotenuse is the \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. The sine of angle W = .8170 What is the m < W?
- **7.** The tangent of angle F is the leg opposite over the leg
- 12. What is the sine of an angle measuring 26 degrees? (to the nearest tenth)
- **13.** If two legs of a right triangle are the same length, their angle measures will always be \_\_\_\_\_\_ degrees.
- 15. What is always the tangent of a 45 degree angle?
- 16. The length of x in problem 1 is \_\_\_\_\_ (to the nearest whole number).

- **17.** A \_\_\_\_\_ ratio is a ratio of the lengths of two sides of a right triangle.
- **18.** When asked to 'solve' for a right triangle, you need to find all missing sides and \_\_\_\_\_\_.

## <u>Down</u>

- 1. The sine is the leg opposite over the hypotenuse is the \_\_\_\_
- 2. What is the height of the triangle in problem #2 (nearest whole #)
- 4. What is the cos of 30 degrees to the nearest tenth?
- 6. The length of y in problem 1 is = \_\_\_\_\_\_. (to the nearest whole number)
- 8. The length of the longer leg of a 30-60-90 triangle is the square root of \_\_\_\_ times the shorter leg.

- **9.** The inverse button for the sin, cos, and tangent, actually gives you the measure of the \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **10.** By the 30-60-90 degree Triangle Theorem, the length of the hypotenuse is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the length of the
- shorter leg.

  11. By the 45-45-90 Triangle Theorem, the length of the \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the length of a leg times the square room.
- the length of a leg times the square root of two.

  14. The sin, cos, and tangent buttons
- give you the \_\_\_\_\_ of the two sides.