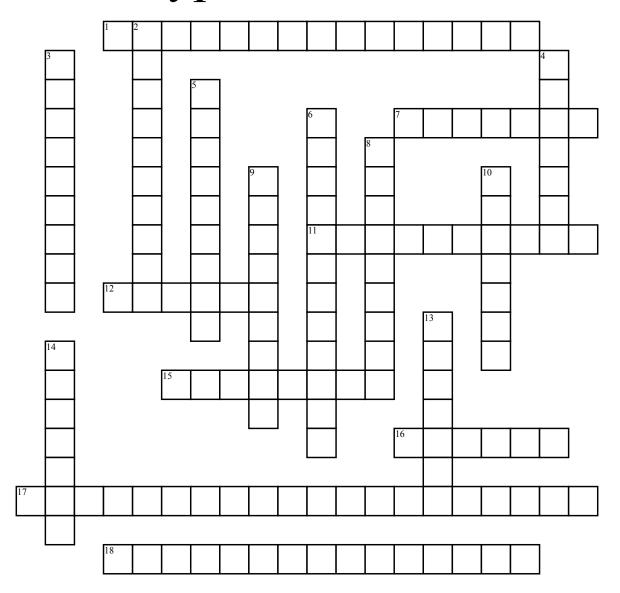
Name:	Date:	Period:

Types of Lenses



Across

- **1.** convex lens used to produce a magnified image
- 7. used for low-magnification
- **11.** A lens that corrects or assists defective eyesight
- **12.** provides a re-magnified image when light enters through the objective lens
- **15.** makes refractive indexes of three wavelengths of light the same
- 16. A lens that is thicker in the middle and rays of light are brought together

- **17.** gives the medium field of vision and the greatest depth of field
- **18.** used in a telescope to form an image at the focal plane

Down

- **2.** makes refractive indexes of two wavelengths of light the same
- **3.** focuses light from a light source onto a slide or object
- **4.** A lens that is thinner in the middle and rays of light diverge
- **5.** primarily used for observation of living organisms and minerals
- **6.** compensates for the aberration caused by an objective lens

- **8.** gathers light and enhances magnification in a microscope
- **9.** fills liquid between the objective lens and a specimen to achieve high resolution
- **10.** wide-angle lens that distorts an image to create panoramic or hemispherical image
- **13.** blocks most rays of light and selects one ray of light to an object
- **14.** used as a magnifier when a light, thin lens is needed