$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

## Unit 1: Geometry Basics



Across
2. Used to find the midpoint between two end points.
4. Two lines that never intersect. (symbol: II )
10. Two lines that intersect at a 90-degree angle. (Right Angle)
12. A measurable part of a line that has two end points.
14. Points that lie on the same line.
16. PointA location with no size or shape Line
17. A flat surface made up of points that extend indefinitely in all directions.
18. Points that don't lie on the same plane.
19. Two segments that have the same length.
20. Points that don'tlie on the same line.

Down

1. Points that lie on the same plane.
2. A line, segment, or ray perpendicular to a segment at its midpoint.
3. If $A, B$ and $C$ are collinear points and $B$ is between them, then $A B+B C=A C$.
4. The "run" of a directed line segment.
5. The "rise" of a directed line segment.
6. Made up of points with no thickness or width.
7. Used to find the distance between two points on a coordinate plane.
8. A line segment that has an associated direction. Directed Line
9. A segment, line, or plane that intersects a segment at its midpoint.
10. A line that extends indefinitely in one direction.
