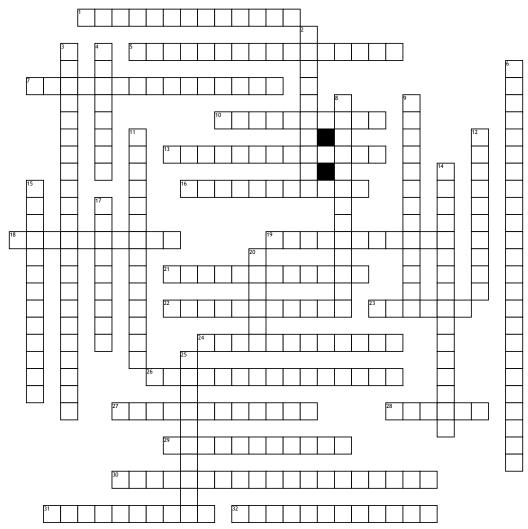
Date: ____ Name:

Unit 1



<u>Across</u>

- 1. Explored how mental and behavioral processes function
- 5. Inherited trait variations
- 7. Scientific study that aims to solve practical problems
- 10. Emphasized the growth potential of healthy
- **13.** That genes and experience make to the development of psychological traits and behaviors
- 16. The study of an individuals characteristic pattern
- 18. Study of links between biological and psychological
- 19. How psychological processes affect teaching and
- 21. Study of measurement of human abilities

- 22. Studies behavior with mental processes
- 23. Study of how we think about influence
- 24. Study of evolution
- 26. Integrated approach that incorporates biological
- 27. Explores how people and machines and physical environments can be made
- 28. Study of how we think about influence and relate
- 29. Studies physical, cognitive, and social change
- 30. Study of all the mental activities associated with
- 31. The science of behavior
- 32. Explores how People and machines interact
- 2. Scientific study of observable behavior
- 3. The study of behavior and thinking

- **4.** Studies and treats people with psychological disorders
- 6. Concepts and methods to optimizing human
- 8. Used introspection to reveal the structure of the human mind
- 9. Studies how unconscious drives and conflicts influence behavior
- 11. The study of how situations affect behavior
- 12. Rely on observation
- 14. Differing complementary views
- 15. Aims to increase the scientific knowledge base
- 17. The study of the brain
- 20. Study of how we think about influence and relate
- 25. Assists people with problems in living

Natural selection

Word Bank Biological **Psychometric Functionalism** Experimental pyschology Nature- nurture **Evolutionary** Cognitive pyschology Social cultural Psychodynamic Counseling Clinical Humanistic

Psychology

Development Personality Levels of analysis Social Applied research Behaviorism Cognitive Social Educational Social Human factors Human factors

Empiricism Biopsychosocial Behavioral Industrial organizational

Structuralism Basic research