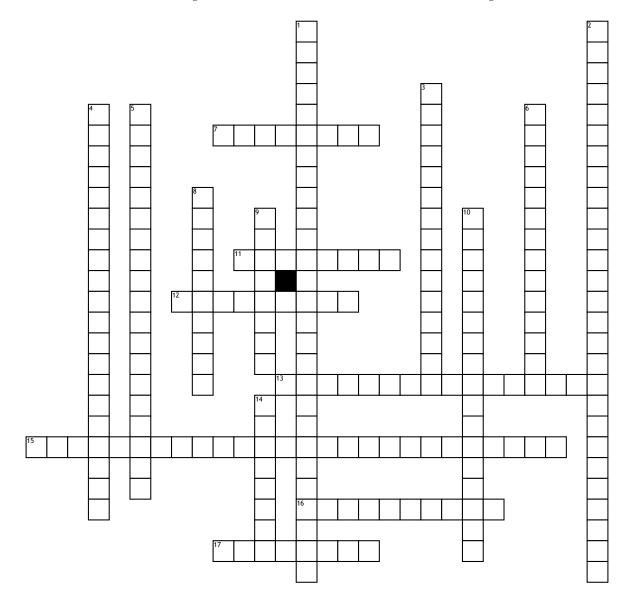
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Unit 2: Exponents and Equations



Across

- a quantity that may change within the context of a mathematical problem or experiment
- **11.** the number that produces a given number when cubed
- **12.** terms whose variables are the same
- 13. the representation in base 10
- **15.** if the same amount is added to both sides of an equation, then the equality is still true
- **16.** the number that produces a specified quantity when multiplied by itself

17. any number that can be expressed as the quotient or fraction p/q of two integers, a numerator p and a non-zero denominator q

Down

- 1. when you substitute a specific value for each variable, and then perform the operations
- 2. an equation that can be written in the form ax b c + =, where a, b, and c are real numbers
- **3.** two integers that are opposite of each other
- **4.** an expression built up from integer constants, variables, and the algebraic operations

- **5.** writing certain mathematical equations in a simpler form
- **6.** the product of a rational number multiplied by itself
- **8.** not expressible as a ratio of two integers and having an infinite expansion when expressed as a decimal
- **9.** a statement that the values of two mathematical expressions are equal
- **10.** opposite operations that undo each other
- **14.** the number of times a number is multiplied by itself