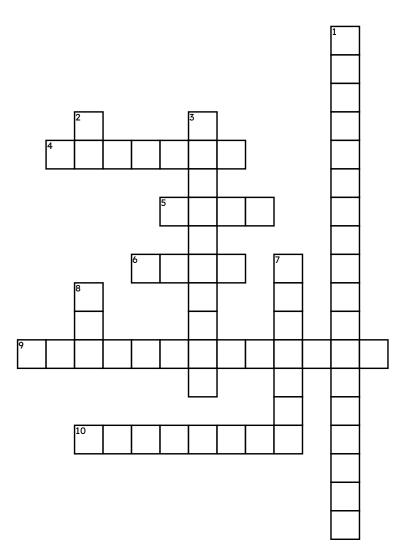
Name:	Date:	Period:	

Unit 3.2 Vocab



Across

- **4.** A numeric range that quantifies the concentrations of hydrogens ions (H+) and hydroxyl ions (OH-) in a solution.
- **5.** A substance that gives off hydroxyl ions when dissolved in water; any substance with a pH above 7.0.
- **6.** A substance containing hydrogen that dissolves to form hydrogen ions in water; any substance with a pH less than 7.0.
- **9.** The amount of a substance that is dissolved in a given volume of liquid.
- **10.** The chemical formula of one atom of hydrogen and one of oxygen.

Down

- 1. In animals, the passage of digested food from the stomach into the circulatory (blood) system. In plants, the intake of water, gases, nutrients, or other substances.
- **2.** A numerical measure of acidity (or hydrogen ions) in a substance; the measure of alkalinity (or hydroxyl ions) in a substance.
- **3.** The measure of how many hydroxyl ions a solution contains.
- 7. Exhibiting neither acid nor alkaline qualities.
- **8.** An atom carrying an electrical charge that may be positive or negative.

Word Bank

Nutrient absorption Neutral pH scale
Ion Concentration Acid
Hydroxyl pH Alkalinity
Base