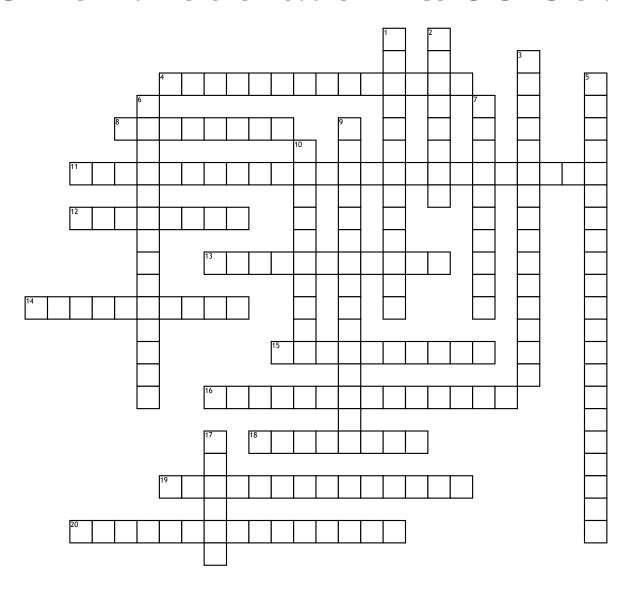
Unit 4: Federalism & SC Govt



Across

- **4.** Those powers that the Constitution does not grant to the National government and does not deny to the States
- 8. The right to vote
- 11. Constitution's requirement that each state accept the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state
- **12.** Powers given to the State Gov. in the Constitution.
- **13.** The legal process by which a fugitive from justice in one State is returned to that State
- **14.** Power that is shared between the Federal Gov. and the State Gov.
- **15.** Transfer power from Federal Gov. to state/local governments

- **16.** Laws of basic and lasting importance which may not be easily changed
- 18. A subdivision of a county
- **19.** A group of persons who seek to control government through the winning of elections and the holding of public office
- **20.** the constitutional provisions by which governmental powers are divided on a geographic basis

Down

- 1. Balance of Power consistently shifted and challenged today
- **2.** There is how many many members in the SC senate?
- **3.** Powers given to the Federal Government by the Constitution.
- 5. Federal and State roles intertwined

- **6.** Federal and State each have different, distinct roles
- **7.** Powers given to BOTH the Federal Gov. and the State Gov.
- 9. Those powers that can be exercised by the National Government alone
- 10. Allows qualified voters to sign petitions to propose legislation & then submit it for a vote by qualified voters 17. The device voters use to register a
- choice in an election