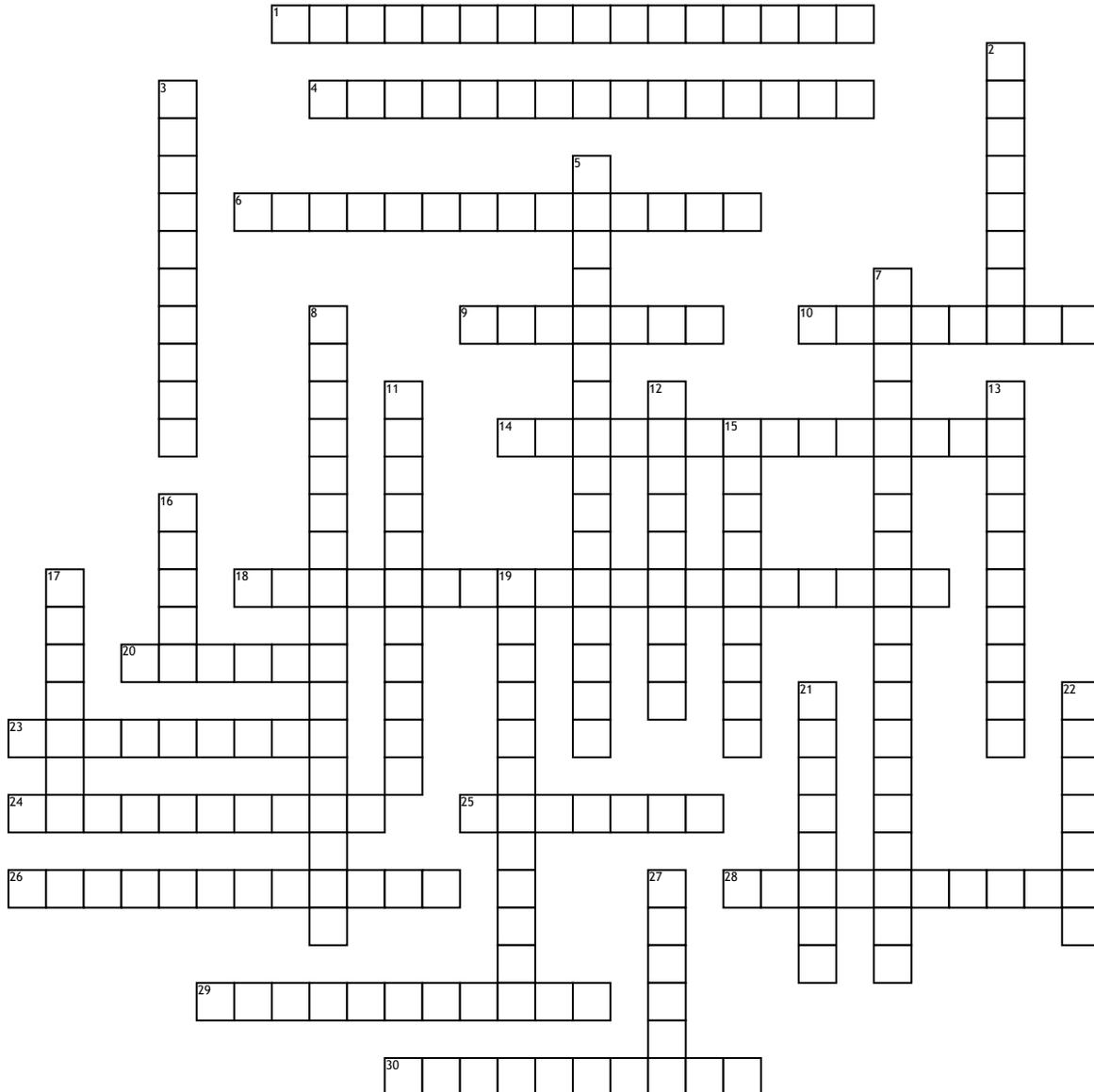


# Unit 5



**Across**

- 1. are men ordained to an office in the Catholic Church who normally have no intention or desire of becoming priests.
- 4. Assists a diocesan bishop in his responsibilities.
- 6. The name given to the official body of laws that provides good order in the visible body of the Church.
- 9. show or explain to (someone) how to do something.
- 10. A member of the college, or assembly, responsible for electing new popes. Cardinals are appointed by the Pope.
- 14. The chief shepherd of a diocese.
- 18. The uninterrupted passing on of apostolic preaching and authority from the Apostles directly to all bishops.
- 20. 117: an ordained minister of the Catholic, Orthodox, or Anglican Church having the authority to perform certain rites and administer certain sacraments.
- 23. The vocation and ministry of a deacon.
- 24. The chief shepherd of an archdiocese
- 25. a senior member of the Christian clergy, usually in charge of a diocese and empowered to confer holy orders.
- 26. The name given to priests as a group, especially in a diocese; based on the Greek word presbyter which means "elder."
- 28. the sacrament or rite of ordination as a member of the Christian clergy, especially in the grades of bishop, priest, or deacon.

- 29. is an old Canaanite name meaning "My King Is [the god] Sedek" or "My King Is Righteousness"
- 30. The guidance, material goods, and care provided by God that is sufficient to meet our needs.

**Down**

- 2. conduct the policy, actions, and affairs of (a state, organization, or people).
- 3. A successor is a person who succeeds, or comes after, another as office holder.
- 5. The assembly of bishops, headed by the Pope, that holds the teaching authority and responsibility in the Church.
- 7. that is, preparing for the priesthood and they are usually ordained priests about a year after their diaconal ordination.
- 8. Also known as the Divine Office, the official, public, daily prayer of the Catholic Church.
- 11. The Church's living teaching office, which consists of all bishops, in communion with the Pope, the Bishop of Rome.
- 12. the Christian festival celebrating the descent of the Holy Spirit on the disciples of Jesus after his Ascension, held on the seventh Sunday after Easter.
- 13. The position or office of a bishop.
- 15. Reparation for wrongdoing or sin and reconciliation with God
- 16. A unique, pointed hat that the bishop wears during liturgical ceremonies. It is a symbol of the bishop's governing authority.
- 17. A ceremonial shepherd's staff that represents the bishop's call to care for the flock of Christ.
- 19. Placed under the authority of a particular bishop or the superior of a religious community.
- 21. pg. 113.: ecclesiastical law, especially (in the Roman Catholic Church) that laid down by papal pronouncements
- 22. Also known as a "particular" or "local" Church, the regional community of believers, who commonly gather in parishes, under the leadership of a bishop.
- 27. One who is ordained for service and ministry, but not for ministerial priesthood, through the Sacrament of Holy Orders