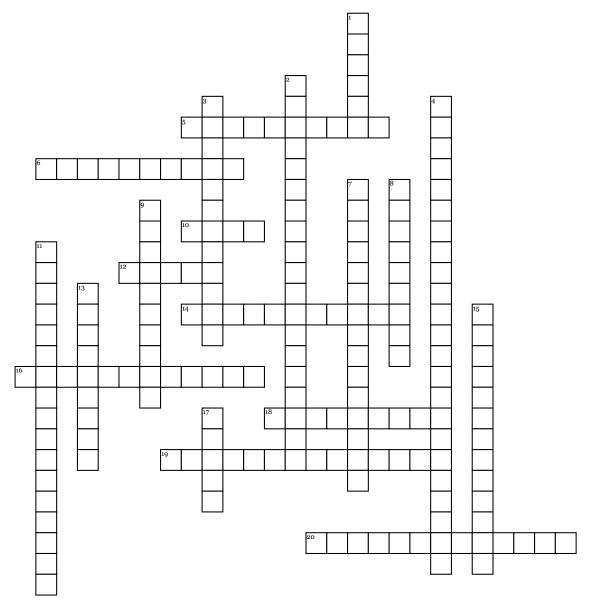
Name:	Date:	Period:
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## Unit 5 characteristics of wave



## Across

- **5.** lenght of the wave
- **6.** Electromagnetic waves with the long wavelenghts and low frequency
- **10.** a disturbances that carries energy from one object to another
- **12.** high point of a transverse wave
- **14.** part of wave that is compressed or close together
- **16.** electromagnetic waves that are visible to the human eye
- **18.** electromagnetic waves with the shortest wavelenghts and highest frequencyy

- **19.** wave where particles move at a perpendicular direction to the energy of the wave
- **20.** wave where particle move parallel to energy of the wave

## **Down**

- 1. low point of a transverse wave
- 2. transverse wave that transfer electrical and magnetic energy
- $\boldsymbol{3.}$  part of the wave that is spread out
- **4.** the complete range of electromagnetic waves placed in order of increasing frequency
- 7. A wave that requires a medium through which to travel

- 8. how often wave occurs
- **9.** Radio waves with the shortest wavelength and the highest frequency
- **11.** electromagnetic waves with wavelengths shorter than visible light, but longer than x-rays
- **13.** the maximum distance particles can travel from rest
- **15.** electromagnetic waves with wavelenghts shorter than radio waves but longer than visible light
- 17. Electromagnetic waves with lengths shorter than ultraviolet rays, but longer than gamma rays